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Who He Will Appoint.

The President Makes a Declaration of His Intentions.

THE DEMOCRAT VACANCIES.

They Will Be Filled by Protectionists. The Civil Service Commission One of the Most Important of That Class. Other News Gathered at the National Capital.

WASHINGTON, April 10.—There appears to be a spirited conflict in progress for the Democratic vacancy on the civil service commission. Mr. Hugh T. Thompson, of South Carolina, late assistant secretary of the treasury; Judge Durham, of Kentucky, the first comptroller of the treasury, and Richard Randolph McMahon, of West Virginia, the present deputy second comptroller, are the principal candidates, with several others of less prominence in the field. All have more or less backing, and for the past three weeks the president has given daily interviews to Democratic senators and members in behalf of some of them.

An intimation from the president last week that he would appoint no free trade Democrats on commissions required by law to be made up of Republicans and Democrats, but that in such cases he would select protectionist Democrats, has created considerable comment here. This declaration is said to have been made to a very prominent Democrat, indicating the policy he will pursue not only in the south but in regard to National appointments generally.

Not Offered a Postoffice.

WASHINGTON, April 10.—The story that has been going the rounds of the press to the effect that the president had tendered the position of postmaster at Lexington, Va., to Mrs. Stonewall Jackson, and that she had declined it, and that he now intended to offer her the position of postmaster at Richmond, Va., is utterly discredited at the postoffice department. Officials in position to know, say nothing of the kind has ever been contemplated. Friends of Mrs. Jackson, while wishing her well, say that she has never developed any great executive ability; in fact was never in a position to show that she possessed the necessary qualities to battle with the business affairs of a postoffice. She is described as an amiable lady of a lovable disposition and warmly cherished by her friends.

The President's Callers.

WASHINGTON, April 10.—Among the president's many callers were Congressmen Houk, Taylor and Butler, of Tennessee. They came to ask the president to change rule 10 of the civil service law, which provides that a clerk who has been removed for political purposes, or through no fault of his own, can be reinstated without the civil service examination, if he makes application within twelve months. Representative Houk was the spokesman for the delegation. He told the president that several years is wanted within which an ex-clerk can make application for reinstatement. The president made a noncommittal answer, promising to give the matter his earnest attention.

Foreign Contract Law.

WASHINGTON, April 10.—Secretary Windom has made his first ruling concerning the foreign contract law, by affirming a decision made by the collector of customs at New York, in regard to a Swiss embroider. The latter came to this country to work in the Newark, N. J., embroidering works, of which H. Borneman is proprietor. The Swiss claimed that he had paid his own passage to this country, but had secured work with the firm before leaving Switzerland. The collector held that a contract had been made between the embroidering works and the Swiss, and on account of the secretary's decision. He will bring the case before the district attorney at New York.

"There is No such Rule."

WASHINGTON, April 10.—The published statement that President Harrison does not intend to send any man as minister or consul to the country of which he was a native, seems to be without good foundation. Very recently a German Republican who wanted a consulate in Germany called on Secretary Blaine and asked him if the report was true, adding that if it was it would be useless to make application. "Put your papers on file," said the secretary, "there is no such rule in this department."

Secretary Noble's Appointments.

WASHINGTON, April 10.—Secretary Noble has appointed Adam C. Tonner, of Ohio, appointment clerk of the interior department, vice Hassler, resigned; Charles H. Maull, of Delaware, a special agent of the general land office at a salary of $1,500; James B. Satterlee, of Iowa, a special agent of the general land office at a salary of $1,400.

Sydney A. Jonas, of Mississippi, confidential secretary to the first assistant secretary of the interior, has resigned to take effect on May 9.

Back in Washington.

WASHINGTON, April 10.—Secretary Tracy, accompanied by Commodore Walker and Lieut. Mason, returned to Washington last night from his tour of inspection to the Brooklyn and League island navy yards. Concerning the Brooklyn yard the secretary remarked that there is little to say, except that some of the methods there might be changed. His views on this subject, he stated, will be made known through the medium of his official orders.

Presidential Appointments.

WASHINGTON, April 10.—The president has made the following appointments: James McDowell, register of the land office at Huron, Dak.; Leo E. Bennett, Indian agent at the Union agency, in the Indian Territory; George A. Knight, of Texas, United States marshal for the northern district of Texas; Frank Plumley, of Vermont, United States attorney for the district of Vermont.

Hard to Please.

WASHINGTON, April 10.—Charles J. Hedges, who was the Associated Press reporter at Indianapolis during the presidential campaign, is in town. He once lived in Texas and it is understood that the Galveston collectorship is what he particularly desires. Several places, he says, have been tendered him, but nothing yet quite acceptable.

Washington Notes.

Ex-Secretary and Mrs. Fairchild will leave Washington to-morrow for New York city, where they will reside permanently.

The treasury department has decided that tolls of trade, when shipped from abroad to foreign artisans recently arrived in this country, are not entitled to free entry under the provisions for tools of that sort.

It is stated on what is believed to be the best authority that at the cabinet meeting yesterday [illegible] announced that he would [illegible] Stone, of Iowa, commissioner of the general land office.

NEWS FROM PANAMA.

Our Consul General Reports Everything Quiet and the Canal Dead.

WASHINGTON, April 10.—The state department has learned through Mr. Adamson, the consul general at Panama, that the disturbances which were feared, owing to the stoppage of work on the canal, have not occurred and that good order prevails in that locality. The laborers who were thrown out of work were rapidly leaving; the whites going to Chili and the negroes to Jamaica.

Mercantile failures have necessarily been numerous, and many solvent houses have closed their affairs, as business could no longer be continued with profit. Many merchants were turning their attention to Porto Rico, where railroad works giving employment to many hands, while others are going to Nicaragua.

The consul also reports that great railroads are soon to be built in Chili, and that in Jamaica American capital is projective extensive enterprise of a similar nature.

During the past year not less than 10,000 laborers have left the canal. The officers of the company have directed the continuance of work at several points on the line, but it is thought this is only to prevent questions arising from total abandonment and to protect the property, which has already suffered from the depredations of thieves until purchasers can be found. In conclusion Mr. Adamson says: "The Panama canal is virtually dead."

Worse Than Reported

Further Accounts of the Recent Great Hurricane.

LOSS OF LIFE INCREASING.

It is Now Believed That at Least Seventy-Five Vessels Were Damaged, Some of Which Are a Total Loss, Besides Other Great Damage Done on Land.

BALTIMORE, April 10.—Reports of disasters from Saturday's storm continue to come in from Cape Henry, and show that it was the worst in ten years. It is hard to state exactly the number of lives lost or the number of vessels ashore or sunk, but it is estimated that between fifty and seventy-five vessels were damaged by the hurricane near the capes.

The large list telegraphed by the United Press has been increased in number, and much fear is expressed among the shipping men that some of the vessels caught in the gale will never be heard from. The arrivals in this port were only three ocean vessels and one of them has been due three days. The details of the storm are coming in very slowly.

The steamship Caspian, from Glasgow, reports that on Monday morning she sighted a bark sixty miles southwest of Cape Henry. Her foremast, main topmast and jibboom were gone. It may have been the bark Albatross, which broke adrift on Saturday, and whose crew were landed at Port Royal on Monday by the steamer State of Texas. The Caspian also reports a schooner ashore at False Cape and another ten miles below.

The steamer Westmoreland reports that in the Rappahannock river a number of wharves have been washed away, and the lowlands along the river covered with water. The wharves are seriously damaged at Tappahannock Wares, Bowles, Bayport, Waterview, Urbana and Burnham. The New York Silicated company's ware house at Lyons creek, in the Patuxant, had one end torn away by the gale.

The schooners Emma Jane, Captain Pryor and Eva T. Barnes are ashore at Battle Creek, in the Patuxant.

At the Lazaretta the schooner May Queen had her rigging entirely demolished, her foremast gone and her bowsprit broken by a collision with a large, three masted schooner, which was blown into the May Queen.

SUDDENLY DISAPPEARED.

An Indicted Postal Clerk Skips For Parts Unknown.

DETROIT, Mich., April 10.—John G. Thompson, the postal clerk, who disappeared from Columbus, O., recently, and was afterward charged with stealing registered and money letters, was in Detroit yesterday. He denied all charges, and said he was out for his health. He was well supplied with money on his arrival, but lost it all in gambling. He was still in town last night, but to-day he was missing. It is known that he received several telegrams from home yesterday, which may have had something to do with his going away.

Thompson's family is one of the best in Columbus. He has been in several escapades, but has always got off with great cost to his parents. His father was John G. Thompson, the well known Democratic manager in Ohio, who died in Washington Territory while holding a government position.

Welcome Rains Relieve Dakota.

ST. PAUL, Minn., April 10.—Specials from South Dakota report that the usual spring rains have at last set in, and will soon extinguish the prairie fires that are running all over the country. The people are rejoicing.

Niagara Goes Democratic.

NIAGARA FALLS, N. Y., April 10.—The town election was carried by the Democrats.

A London Sensation.

Particulars of a Tragedy That Has Just Reached the Public.

THE EFFECT OF WEALTH.

London Police Try to Hide a Crime on Account of the Prominence of the People Connected Therewith—Boulanger Will Receive no Show With the French Government—Other Cable Dispatches.

LONDON, April 10.—A short time ago Mr. Goldsmith Hunt, a relative of Lady Scott, engaged rooms for himself and his mistress, a noted actress named Marie De Braham, in a house on Mansfield road. The couple appeared to be on the best of terms with one another until Monday, when they quarreled; the dispute ending in Hunt's shooting the woman and himself dead.

The affair has created a tremendous sensation, but the police are trying to hush it up on account of the prominence of the families with which Hunt was connected. Hunt was wealthy and accomplished and married to a charming woman, but for several years he has been very dessolute and his family relations became strained.

Mrs. Boucicault Again.

LONDON, April 10.—Agnes Robertson, the divorced wife of Dion Boucicault, has made application in the divorce court to enforce the payment of the alimony awarded to her by the court in 1888 from the proceeds of Boucicault's British copyrights. Boucicault averred that the copyrights were no longer his, but were assigned in 1886 to one Cadogan, of New York, in behalf of his present wife. The judge doubted the existence of Cadogan, and declared the assignment fraudulent and void. He then ordered that the copyright moneys in possion of the court be paid to the plaintiff.

A Battle Monument.

PARIS, April 10.—A memorial of the battle fought at Worth, Alsace, between German and French armies on August 6, 1870, will be unveiled on that field with great ceremony on the next anniversary of the engagement. The memorial is erected by the United Bavarian war societies and the Bavarian government and railway officials have arranged for special trains to carry the societies, bands of music, etc., to the scene of the occasion of the celebration.

Got What He Deserved.

LONDON, April 10.—A sensation has been created in Giessen by the trial of a noted merchant of that place for adulterating articles of food with saffron. The disclosures of the trial were such as to create consternation among the people who had eaten of the spurious articles and the merchant was promptly found guilty and sentenced to pay a fine of 6,000 marks.

Not Much Hope for Boulanger.

PARIS, April 10.—In the consideration of the bill providing for proper punishment of Gen. Boulanger, in the chamber of deputies, yesterday, the proposal of M. Ribot, that a majority composed of seven-twelfths of the senate should be necessary to make a sentence valid was rejected. The bill as originally introduced was then passed by a vote of 318 to 205.

An Example That Should Be Followed.

BERLIN, April 10.—The house of Meyer & Kauffman, of Breslau, have set apart 100,000 marks for the purpose of establishing an insurance for their workmen who may become incapacitated for duty by advanced age or illness. It is said that the example of the firm will be followed by others shortly.

No Home Rule For Scotland.

LONDON, April 10.—In the house of commons yesterday evening the Scotch Home Rule motion, introduced by Sir Edward Clarke, was rejected by a vote of 200 to 79. Mr. Gladstone, speaking against the question, declared the matter not sufficiently ripe to obstruct more urgent measures.

From St. Petersburg to Paris.

ST. PETERSBURG, April 10.—Four Russian military officers have wagered that they will cover the distance between St. Petersburg and Paris on horseback within forty-five days. The wager has been accepted, and the officers will start on their journey some time during the month of May.

Foreign Notes.

The death is announced of Michael Eugene Chevreul, the French chemist. He was born in 1786.

The Spanish government will not allow China to establish consulates in the Spanish colonies in the Pacific.

The indictment of Gen. Boulanger is directed against Count Dillon, M. M. Laguerre, Rochefort and Dubarail and two Parisian journalist.

The Belgium government has warned Gen. Boulanger to abstain from political agitation and promises not to expel him from Belgium if he complies.

Sir Julian Pauncefote, the new British minister to Washington, will sail for New York on Saturday. He goes alone and will return in the autumn to escort Lady Pauncefote to the American capital.

Count Papenheim, formerly adjutant to the late King Ludwig, of Bavaria, has absconded to America with the funds which he obtained by the sale of his estates, leaving a large number of creditors to bewail his flight.

Sir Charles Russell has agreed to submit the cases of the Clare and Vandeleure evictors to arbitration, the decision of the arbitrators to be binding in the matter of producing them in evidence before the Parnell commission.

The Matthews Family.

WASHINGTON, April 10.—The Matthews family announced that the marriage of Miss Matthews and Justice Gray will take place some time during next month. The supreme court adjourned on May 11, and the wedding will occur on the following Wednesday, the 15th. The wedding will be very quiet, owing to the death of Miss Matthews' father. The Matthews' mansion is advertised for sale, and the family will separate for the summer immediately after the wedding.

SAMOAN AFFAIRS.

No War Vessels to Be Sent There Until After the Berlin Conference.

WASHINGTON, April 10.—State department officials were very reticent when asked about the truth or falsity of the report that an agreement had been reached between Germany and the United States that no war vessels are to be sent to Samoa until after the result of the Berlin conference is announced. There is little doubt, however, that both governments are already committed to such an agreement.

It is understood that the proposition to leave Samoan waters unguarded by Germany and the United States, and just as they were after the typhoon had wrecked and disabled the vessels of both governments, came originally from Prince Bismarck, and he was promptly met half way by our government, and that the proposition was accepted. This will leave matters in statu quo and the British government alone to police those waters and look out for German, American and British interests until the Berlin conference settles Samoan affairs on a new basis.

Rusk's First Bulletin.

It is Issued From the Agricultural Department.

VALUABLE INFORMATION.

It Gives the History and Prospects of the Agricultural Experiment Stations Which Are Now Being Conducted for the Benefit of the Farmer.

WASHINGTON, April 10.—The first document published under the authority of Governor Rusk, secretary of agriculture, is Bulletin No. 1, about the agricultural experiment stations of the department of agriculture. This pamphlet, advance copies of which were furnished to the press, contains a great deal of information relating to the history and prospects of the agricultural experiment stations, which are now conducting scientific and practical experiments on soils, tillage, manures, crops, stock feeding, dairying, horticulture, etc., in the different states.

Such institutions for scientific investigation on behalf of agriculture have been long in operation in England. The first one in this country was begun in Connecticut in the chemical laboratory of Wesleyan university, fourteen years ago. Other states followed the example, and in 1887 congress espoused the enterprise and appropriated $15,000 to each state and territory for the purpose. The enterprise has enlisted in its support the best universities and colleges and the ablest investigators of the country, as well as a great army of practical farmers, to whom it has already brought substantial benefits.

All the states and one territory, Dakota, now have agricultural experiment stations. Several states have two; Louisiana has three. The total number now in operation is forty-six; or, counting branch stations, nearly sixty. They employ more than 370 scientists and agriculturists, and receive this year $595,000 from the National government, and about $125,000 from the states and other sources. This is one of the most important of the government scientific enterprises, and, although so young, is the largest of the sort yet undertaken by any nation. An especially favorable feature is the cordial co-operation between the stations and the department of agriculture at Washington, which is charged by congress with the duty of supervising and aiding the stations in their work.

The office of experiment stations, acting with the association of American agricultural colleges and experiment stations, is able to accomplish much in this line. There is thus established a direct connection between the National department and the people of the country, which must result in great good. The bulletin contains an introduction by Secretary Rusk, who considers it a high tribute to the intelligence and wisdom of the people, that they have so rapidly appreciated the usefulness of thus "calling the highest science to the aid of the arts and industries of life."

MARRIED IN A PULLMAN CAR.

A Hurried Ceremony Takes Place on a Passenger Train.

KANSAS CITY, April 10.—A good looking young man, neatly dressed, walked uneasily about the Union station yesterday morning. He requested Conductor A. W. McDougal, of the Santa Fe westbound train, to keep that train waiting for a few moments after the arrival of the Wabash train, saying he would pay liberally for such a favor. The Wabash train arrived from the east at 9:25 o'clock. A petite brunette jumped out of the sleeping car of the Wabash train, and in quicker time than it takes to tell it she was in the young man's arms.

Hurrying the young lady into the Pullman coach of the Santa Fe train, followed by a porter with numerous bags and bundles, the young man made a dash for the waiting room, and soon reappeared with one of Recorder Hinde's deputies and Justice Holt. A space was soon cleared in the ladies' room of the car. The deputy recorder handed Justice Holt the license, and, hurriedly reading it, the latter commanded the two to clasp hands, and repeated the formal ceremony, pronouncing them man and wife.

Before the last word was out of the justice's lips the whistle sounded, and the Santa Fe train began to pull out of the depot, just three minutes after the arrival of the Wabash train. The young man said his name was Lorenzo D. Hickman, his age 25 years, and that he lived in Sedgwick county, Kan. He said that the young lady's name was Emma Hickman, who lived with her parents in Vigo county, Ind., and that she was 22 years of age.

Balloting for a Senator.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., April 10.—The legislature met in joint session and cast the fifth ballot for United States senator which resulted as follows: Dixon, 41, Wetmore, 43; Colt, 4; Arnold, Democrat, 13; scattering, 11. Necessary to a choice, 53. No choice. The legislature then adjourned.

The Mining Situation

It is Growing Very Critical in the State of Ohio.

FEARS OF A GREAT STRIKE.

The Operators Declare That They Cannot Afford to Pay the Present Scale, While the Miners Are Loth to Accept Any Reduction—Other Labor News.

COLUMBUS, O., April 10.—A meeting of Ohio coal operators was held here yesterday for the purpose of discussing the mining situation, which is growing critical in this state. Several meetings of the miners have been held here recently for the purpose of defining a policy relative to the scale of prices for next year's work, which begins on May 1. The operators declare that because of western competition they cannot afford to continue paying the present scale, while the miners are loth to accept any reduction. Consequently serious strikes in various parts of the state will be the result unless some definite arrangement between the operators and miners is made very soon.

No positive agreement could be made by the operator relative to the scale question, as the majority of them absolutely refuse to make any concession to the miners. It was, however, decided to send a delegation of operators to the joint meeting of miners and operators at Pittsburg, which will be held on Monday next. It is thought that by placing the matter before this convention the dispute may be settled.

Indignant Shop Girls.

CLEVELAND, O., April 10.—About fifty girls were discharged from the Chapin nut and bolt works Saturday because they were in constant danger of having their dresses caught in the machinery. The girls were not thankful for their deliverance from accidental deaths, and when the boys who were hired to take their places went to work yesterday morning the discharged, maidens assisted by all their female relatives, assaulted the new hands with clubs, bricks and stones. The boys, several of whom were considerably injured, took refuge inside the building, which was then treated to a shower of missiles from the enraged amazons. Several arrests were made, but the offenders were discharged on payment of costs, and promising a cessation of hostilities.

Clark's Thread Spinners to Strike.

NEWARK, N. J., April 10.—The spinners of the Clark thread works held a secret meeting last night, and resolved to strike. This will probably cause the works to close, throwing 8,000 employes out of work. The trouble arises over a reduction of 5 per cent. in wages. The works are the largest of the kind in the country.

Coal Miners Resume.

PITTSBURG, April 10.—After a shutdown of only a week's duration the miners in the four pools along the Monongahela river, with the exception of those employed by Homer & Roberts, resumed work yesterday. About 6,000 men in all are affected by the resumption.

Reached No Conclusion.

TERRE HAUTE, Ind., April 10.—The representatives of the Miners' Progressive union of the state and operators have been in conference here, but did not get down to propositions as to the wage scale for the year beginning May 1. There will be another meeting.

Labor Troubles in Buffalo.

BUFFALO, April 10.—The bosses of about 500 painters have signed the agreement, and their men will go to work at once. These 500 will help support the 120 who are still out. The carpenters still remain on a strike.

Taking Greeley's Advice.

TORONTO, Ont., April 10.—The seventh colonist party of the season left here last night for Manitoba. There were about 850 passengers and thirty-five cars of effects. A considerable number go west every night.

The Same Old Story.

SHAMOKIN, Pa., April 10.—Daniel Keller, a wealthy farmer living in Bear Gap valley, was robbed of $1,500 yesterday afternoon by two strangers who called on him and commenced dickering for the purchase of his farm. The sharpers engaged the old gentleman in a game of cards and induced him to bet the above sum on a card. Mr. Keller deposited the money on the table, whereupon one of the sharpers covered him with a revolver, while the other scooped the farmers' cash up. Both then beat a hasty retreat and made good their escape. There is no clew yet to the sharpers.

The Republicans Carry Rhode Island.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., April 10.—The result of yesterday's election in Newport was a failure to choose the senator and the second and fifth representatives voted for, and the present incumbents of those positions therefore hold over, but the Republican candidates for first, third and fourth representatives were chosen, and the Republican candidates at Cranston and Bristol were also chosen, giving the Republicans a majority of eleven on joint ballot, with one senator yet to be elected, and insuring the election of the Republican state ticket.

A Bank Bookkeeper Suicides.

EVANSVILLE, Ind., April 10.—Mr. Rheinlander F. Schor, aged 48 years, a prominent and estimable resident of this city, committed suicide shortly after 6 o'clock yesterday morning by hanging himself in the basement of the First National bank, where he had been employed for the past twenty-six years as general bookkeeper. The cause of the act was general depression of mind. For the past year he has been in ill-health and has also been troubled with sickness in his family.

Senator Call's Successor.

PENSACOLA, Fla., April 10.—There is considerable interest taken in a proposal that the present legislature elect Senator Call's successor instead of leaving the election to the legislature of 1890, as the latter will not convene until thirty days after Senator Call's term expires, March 4, 1891.

DESTRUCTIVE BLAZES.

Railway Freight Houses at Boston Destroyed at a Half Million Loss.

BOSTON, April 10.—The freight house of the Boston and Lowell division of the Boston and Maine railroad were destroyed, only a portion of the walls remaining. The structures consisted of a three-and-a-half story brick building, 150 feet long by 50 wide, and another of the same length two and one-half stories high, on Lowell street, the two being connected by a wooden building 150 feet long.

Between the two main buildings were five tracks, and the whole was covered by one large roof. The fire was discovered about 5 o'clock among some cotton. The buildings were filled with an almost indescribable variety of general merchandise, including a large quantity of oil, vitriol, etc., and the frequent explosions served alike to intimidate the firemen and cause the rapid spread of the flames. Standing on the tracks within the structure were from thirty-five to forty cars, many of them loaded, and all were destroyed before they could be removed to a place of safety.

A portion of the larger building was used as a grain elevator, and here were stored from 30,000 to 40,000 bushels of grain, besides a large quantity of flour. The fire is still burning, though entirely under control, and it will probably be many hours before the fireman's work is completed. Part of the books of the company were destroyed, many were saved, while a large quantity of way bills and other papers were saved in a damaged condition. It is impossible to correctly estimate the loss or insurance, but the officials affirm that the loss will at least aggregate $500,000, upon which there is considerable insurance.

Machine Shops Destroyed.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., April 10.—The Louisville Bridge & Iron company's machine shops were completely destroyed by fire at midnight, causing a loss of $90,000. The shops were in a one-story corrugated iron building about 400 feet in length. The fire was discovered by the night watchman, but before the fire department could arrive the flames had gained such headway that the building was destroyed. A great deal of valuable machinery was ruined. The loss is fully covered by insurance. The fire is supposed to be incendiary.

MEXICAN NOTES.

Counterfeiter Captured—A Priest's House Mobbed—Other News.

CITY OF MEXICO, April 10.—The other day at San Francisco del Rincon there arrived a Spaniard named Jose Lajares, of Viscaya, Spain, who said he was a merchant, and put up at a hotel. He was a man about 40 years of age and of good presence. Suspicion was, however, attracted, and the chief of police gobbled up Jose, when it was discovered that he was a counterfeiter, making small quantities of bad money in his room at night. When captured his whole counterfeiting plant was found, but he had on his person only $3.50 in counterfeit dollars and quarters, and about $30 of good money.

Recently at Huixquilucan some 200 armed men assaulted the house of a priest and fired into it, luckily without injuring the reverend occupant. On learning of the affair the archbishop of Mexico ordered the priest to go to the capital and the church closed.

Recently in the capital, Manuel Garcia, becoming convinced that his sister Leandra was a woman of loose morals, he stabbed her to death, and is in jail therefor.

Heavy dikes have been built to prevent a reoccurrence of the terrible floods which last year swept over and nearly destroyed Leon.

The $30,000 prize in the National lottery of the 19th was won by various persons in Puebla.

Statues of Hidalgo and Zaragoza are to be placed in the public park at Monterey.

The crops about Lagos are reported to be very poor.

ROASTED HIS FEET

Because He Wouldn't Tell Them Where He Kept His Money.

SHARON, Pa., April 10.—A gang of masked burglars broke into the residence of wealthy Lewis Patterson, near Centreville, yesterday morning, and demanded the large sum of money which they supposed was concealed on the premises.

They took him to his barn, attempted to hang him, and finding that the old man would not reveal his secret carried him to the house and deliberately thrust his feet into a hot stove, burning them so terribly that amputation may be necessary. After thoroughly ransacking the house they left with a gold watch and less than $50 in cash. Parties are out searching for the gang, and if caught they will probably be lynched.

The Newspaper Prices.

ST. LOUIS, April 10.—All of the striking ball players, except King, have reached a settlement with President Von der Ahe and signed for the season. All claims for last year were arbitrated and settled. McCarthy, Robinson and Chamberlain receive an increase of salary. Last year Robinson received $2,600, now he gets $2,700. Chamberlain received $2,300 last year, and this year receives an increase. McCarthy received $1,800 last year and will draw nearly $2,000 this year. King was not here last year and received $2,800, and this season he wants $3,500. Comisky talked the players into a compromise of their demands.

Oklahoma Cleared.

WINFIELD, Kan., April 10.—Capt. Conch, the Oklahoma leader, has arrived here direct from Oklahoma. He says the soldiers have made a clean sweep of the Oklahoma country, and have driven out everybody except those who have authority to remain. Nobody is allowed to alight from a train longer than the train stops at a station. The Bank of Guthrie, I. T., with a capital stock of $50,000, was organized here to-day. It will open for business at Guthrie on April 22, and expects to be the first bank in Oklahoma territory.

Some of Our War Vessels.

WASHINGTON, April 10.—The United States Kearsage is expected to arrive at New York about the 15th, and the Essex from China via the Mediterranean, about May 1. It is believed at the navy department that the new cruiser Philadelphia, now building at Cramp's ship yard, Philadelphia, will be ready for launching in about a month.

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THE BOWANEE MEDICINE CO., Dayton, O.

Porter and New Banqueted.

INDIANAPOLIS, April 10.—Ex-Governor Albert G. Porter, minister to Rome, and Hon. John C. New, counsel general to London, were entertained last night at a banquet at the New Denison. Mayor Denny presided, and about one hundred guests were present, including prominent members of both political parties. Hon. J. N. Huston, the newly appointed treasurer of the United States, was expected to be present, but was detained in Washington.

FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

Quotations for the Money, Stock, Produce and Cattle Market for April 9.

NEW YORK—Money 3@4 per cent. Exchange steady; governments steady.

Currency sixes, 120 bid; four coupons, 128⅞ bid; four-and-a-half, 107⅛ bid.

The stock market opened steady at last night's figures, but after the first few dealings the raiding of Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe was resumed, and under a heavy selling it dropped 2¼ per cent. in the first hour. The other stocks fell off ¼ to ⅜. Since 11 o'clock the market has been dull and featureless, and at this writing prices are only slightly changed from those of 11 o'clock.

Bur. & Quincy	92⅝	Michigan Cent.	87
Central Pacific	34⅝	Missouri Pacific	69⅝
C., C., C. & I.	70	N. Y. Central	107
Del. & Hudson	133⅞	Northwestern	103⅛
Del., Lack. & W.	135¾	Ohio & Miss	21⅝
Illinois Central	119	Pacific Mail	35⅝
Lake Shore	101⅛	St. Paul	64⅝
Louisville & Nash	63⅝	Western Union	84⅝

Cincinnati.

WHEAT—80@90c.

CORN—30@35c.

WOOL—Unwashed, fine merino, 18@19c; one-fourth blood combing, 25@26c; medium delaine and combing, 26@27c; braid, 19@20c; medium combing, 26@27c. fleece washed, fine merino X and XX, 27@29c; medium clothing, 30@31c; delaine fleece, 30@31c.

HAY—No. 1 timothy, $12 50; No. 2, $8 00; prairie, $7 50@8 50; wheat, oats and rye straw, $5 00@5 50.

CATTLE—Good to choice butchers, $3 50@3 85; fair, $2 75@3 40; common, $1 75@2 50; stockers and feeders, $2 25@4 00; yearlings and calves, $2 50@3 25.

HOGS—Select butchers, $4 90@4 97½; fair to good packing, $4 80@4 90; fair to good light, $4 80@4 90; common, $4 00@4 75.

SHEEP—Common to fair, $3 25@4 25; good to choice, $4 50@5 25.

SPRING LAMBS—$6 50@8 00 per 100 pounds.

Pittsburg.

CATTLE—Prime, $4 00@4 20; fair to good, $3 75@4 15; common, $3 50@3 50; stockers, $2 50@2 75; feeders, $3 25@3 25.

HOGS—Philadelphias, $5 10; mixed, $5 00; heavy hogs, $5 00; pigs and Yorkers, $5 00@5 10; common to fair, $5 00@5 10; grassers and stubblers, $4 25@4 50.

SHEEP—Prime, $5 25@5 50; fair to good, $4 50@5 00; common, $3 25@3 75.

LAMBS—$3 50@3 00.

Chicago.

HOGS—Fair to good, $4 75@5 05; mixed packing, $4 75@4 92½; heavy to choice, $4 75@4 92½.

CATTLE—Choice to extra shipping, $3 80@4 35; mixed, $1 50@2 25; stockers and feeders, $2 50@3 55.

SHEEP—Common to choice, $3 00@5 70.

LAMBS—$4 75@5 50.

New York.

WHEAT—No. 1 state red, 87c; No. 2 red winter, June, 87¼c.

CORN—Mixed, 44@46c.

OATS—No. 1 white, 30c; No. 2 mixed, May, 29¼c.

CATTLE—$3 00@5 10 per 100 pounds, live weight.

Toledo.

WHEAT—Quiet; cash, 85@86c. May, 86c.

CORN—Quiet; cash, 35c.

OATS—Quiet; May, 26½c.

CLOVER SEED—Cash, $4 55; April, $4 50.

The Celebrated

FLEX-OR!

—AND—

FLEX-TILE

Stiff Hats in new shapes and colors just opened at

KLEINMAIER BROS.'

Also Light and Dark Colors in

4-IN-HAND!

Ties at

At 25 and 40 Cents.

THE MARION DAILY STAR

Published Every Evening Except Sunday

—BY—

W. G. HARDING.

TERMS:

By Mail............$4 per Year in Advance

Delivered by Carrier......10 Cts. per Week

WEDNESDAY, - - - - APRIL 10.

It looks like the war cry for Ohio will be, Vindication!—Payne or Halstead?

The Australian plan of balloting has been adopted by five States—Massachusetts, Rhode Island, Indiana, Wisconsin and Tennessee.

A good many Ohio postmasters are being appointed, but as yet there is no solution of the Marion mystery. If an election were ordered and the machine permitted to work, we could offer a pretty close guess.

There is a great deal of pathos in the farewell letter written by a poor man who committed suicide in Central Park N. Y., Sunday. He concluded his statement by saying: "I am tired of living I have made application for work, but was refused because I did not belong to the Knights of Labor, who are wholly responsible for this act of mine."

It is reported that a former member of the Chinese Embassy at Washington, Won Kwang Pei, is advocating the expulsion of every American in the Chinese service, by way of retaliation on our anti Chinese legislation. But a thousand Won Kwang Peis should have little effect on the Chinese statesmen who want American enterprise and capital for the construction of railroads.

If the startling information is true that the Oklahoma boomers are intending to destroy all the railroad bridges and trestles leading into the Territory in order to keep all rival immigrants out from the fertil lands which they expect to gobble, there would seem to be urgent need of prompt and drastic measures on the part of military authorities in the much vexed Oklahoma region. Apparently the boomers are a bad lot anyway.

Young Emperor William's expressed determination to make Germany a naval power of the first importance is a fact of considerable significance. In all military and naval affairs the German Emperor is almost as autocratic as the Russian Czar, and the next few years are likely to see a great increase in the strength of the already formidable fleet of the German Empire. Thus reasons multiply for the speedy creation of a fleet of American war ships worthy of the wealth and power of this republic.

Among the probabilities for the coming gubernatorial race, Speaker of the Ohio house of representatives, E. L. Lampson, is the lates acquisition. Mr Lampson hails from Ashtabula County, and is a newspaper man, but this latter fact may not interfere with his chances, for he is said to be retiring and modest, and is a favorate with the members of the legislatures which will be of assistance to the gentleman when these members retire among their constituencies. The Republicans appear to have plenty of timber for the coming contest, but which will no doubt narrow down before the nominating convention. But speaking of gubernatorial timber, there is Gen. Gibson, whose candidacy the "rural deestricks" would welcome with enthusiasm. With the old war-horse on the stump there would be fun for the old boys.

The influx of settlers at Oklahoma is phenomenal, and there are threatenings of trouble ahead. The boomers who have watched their claims for years are fearful that in the rush of settlers on the 22d their lands will be snatched from them. They have threatend to "burn the railroad bridges on the night of the 21st, to obstruct the flood of settlers and prevent them from dropping in on the choice land they have selected. There are already twice as many people on the borders as can be accommodated under the homestead act, and the rush has become alarming.

MARION CEMETERY ASSOCIATION

Its Annual Meeting and Election of Officers.—Treasurer's Report.

The Marion Cemetery Association held its annual meeting Monday evening in the court house. H. S. Lucas having removed from the city H. C. Hoberman was elected to a membership in his stead and the new officers elected as follows: President, J. J. Williams; Vice President, John Hood; Secretary and Treasurer, J. J. Hane; Trustees, P. O. Sharpless, A. H. Kling and George Crawford.

The rules of the Association were so amended that the Trustees have control of trees planted on lots, and teams in funeral procession must be driven only on walk both in and out of the grounds. The trustees were directed to erect a line at once in front of the grounds, with an appropriate entrance place.

The following figures are gleaned from the report of Treasurer Hane:

Receipts for the year	$1155 00
Expenditures	349 81
Excess of receipts	$805 19
Bills receivable	$12105 91
Cash on hand	216 09
	$12322 00

The general statement of the financial condition of the association shows its total assets to be $22,517.91. Of this $21,815 26 was derived from lot sales, $313 from single graves, $135 65 is Soldiers' Monument fund, and $250 is permanent repair fund.

The number of lots sold last year was 11, single graves 8.

The reserve fund has now reached the amount of $6929 12.

School Report.

Report of school taught in subdistrict No. 13, primary department, Marion township, Marion county, Ohio, for the term commencing Nov. 19th, 1888, and ending April 5th, 1889:

Number of pupils enrolled 24, boys 13, girls 11; average monthly enrollment 21, boys 11, girls 10; average daily attendance 16; boys 8, girls 8; average per cent. of attendance 77; boys 74, girls 80. Number of weeks school was in session 20; number of days 100.

Much credit is due both scholars and parents for the interest they have taken in the school during the term.

Alice Foster, Teacher.

Kicking at a Late Date.

Miles Gregory has begun suit in Common Pleas court against George Roberts, to recover $180 which plaintiff lost to defendant by betting on the late Presidential election. Ordinarily the average liberal thinker would severely criticize a man who would kick out of the traces on an election bet but those who remember the case of Guyser vs. Leffler will look upon this case as one of just retribution. The Guyser Leffler suit was to recover an election bet, and it was generally known that Snyder had bet Mr. Roberts' money. So the gentleman is getting back a little of his own medicine. McNeal & Wolford are plaintiff's attorneys.

The Perfection

Of the age in the medical line is the liquid fruit remedy, Syrup of Figs, manufactured only by the California Fig Syrup Company, San Francisco, Cal. It is agreeable to the taste, acceptable to the stomach, harmless in its nature, painless yet prompt and thorough in its action.

Sold by H. C. Hoberman & Co. and [illegible] Flocken & Co., druggists.

Blind Tom.

"Blind Tom," the world famous blind negro boy, whose natural talent as a pianist has been the wonder of the music world, will appear in one of his choice entertainments at Music Hall, Friday evening of this week. Popular prices 25, 35 and 50 cents. Reserve seats at Frostank & Young's.

For Sale.

Twenty-one Lots on Greenwood street, also 20 acres suitable for city lots within four squares of New Huber Shops. See E. B. Durell.

Office with Scofield & Scofield. 120 12

Loose's Red Clover Pills Cure Sick

Headache, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Constipation, 25c per Box, 5 Boxes $1 00. Sold in Marion, O., by W. B. Loye, Druggist.

Farm to Rent.

The James King, Jr. farm, adjoining town, 115 acres, for rent. Apply to B. Olney, Marion, O. 125 tf

For Sale.

Five Lots within four blocks of Court House. E. B. Durell.

Office with Scofield & Scofield. 120d12

—Richwood Gazette: Arthur Hanson, Arthur Jones and Archie Jones had an adventure in the Huber woods last Friday, which they will remember for some time to come. They were chopping wood, and in felling a tree the top crashed into a clump of bushes out of which sprang a large sized animal and started for the boys with terrific yelps of rage. The Jones boys lost no time in climbing a tree, while Hanson hid behind a tree trunk ready to ascend if the creature should see him. The animal stood and looked at Archie, who was out of reach, and lashed its tail from side to side like a cat. It finally took its leave, going off into the woods, and the boys lost no time in getting to their homes. The boys say the animal was about the size of a very large dog, with a small head like a dog's, and its tail resembled that of a cat. Whether the boys were too much excited to take accurate observations is a debatable question.

Cochranton.

Mrs. Kennel slowly recovers from her severe illness.

Miss Briggs, of near Marion, is the guest of her brother, Dr. J. C. Briggs, this week.

J. W. Dugan made our village a pleasant call on Saturday evening last.

Wm. Thomas, of near this place, was in town not long since, saying his new home was just pleasantly located from town. We wish him success on the farm.

Miss Valley Carr, of the city Wildcat, was visiting friends and relatives in this vicinity last Sunday.

G. W. Baker is engaged in teaching music of all kinds within this and adjoining towns. George is a hustler with music of any kind.

G. T. Dodds now plays the part of plow boy on his father's farm. He just recently left school.

Lan Thomas made our town quite a visit not long since. He likes the country well.

School closed here on last Tuesday, but owing to the efficient work done by Mr. Hill, he only vacates three days and resumes preceptorship on Monday next.

Yes sir, we will be present on the twenty-first and help to pass time with you—so say they all.

A closely contested election for School Director on this evening.

Upton Partridge made our village a pleasant call on Sunday evening of this week.

April 8. Viola Tot.

—Fostoria, like all other towns, has some croakers, and the Daily Journal over there dedicates the following to them: "Bury the croaker out in the woods, in a beautiful hole in the ground, where the bumble bee bumbles, the woodpecker pecks, and the straddle bug straddles around. He is no good to the city of push, too unpractical, stingy and dead, but he wants the whole earth and part of the crust, and the stars that shine over head. Then hustle him off to the bumble bee's roost, and bury him deep in the ground, he's no use to us here, get him out of the way, and make room for a man that is sound."

—The base ball fever appears to have diminished considerably in the city among the the many would be sports, at least we have noticed none of them suffering with a severe attack of it, and none of the daring speculators have put in an appearance with their numerous "wheels" to be invested in such a sure and paying association as a Marion base ball nine.

Train Robbers Captured.

Albuquerque, N. M., April 10.—The men who a month ago robbed a train at Canyon Diablo have been captured. The sheriff telegraphs from Kanab that one was caught on the 1st inst, another on the 2d and two on the 7th, and that he is on his way to Milford, Utah, with his prisoners.

A Negro Shot by a Watchman.

Paris, Ky., April 10.—W. P. Fox, watchman at the passenger depot, shot and killed a drunken negro named Wats this morning in self defense. He attempted to drive the negro away, who was obnoxious, and resisted, [illegible] Fox over the head several times with a [illegible].

Election in Albany, New York.

Albany, N. Y., April 10.—The local election in this city showed Democratic gains, and the board of supervisors will probably have three Democratic majority.

DAUGHTERS OF EVE.

The Empress Frederick will receive about $1,000,000 from the Galliera legacy.

Displays of women's work will be made by thirty odd nations at the Paris exhibition.

Japan's greatest heiress is Marchioness Maida, with a fortune of $6,000,000 in her own right.

Robert Louis Stevenson's wife is said to bear a strong personal resemblance to Lotta, the actress.

Mary Kyle Dallas, a writer of short stories for the last twenty-five years, has just published her first book.

Mrs. Humphry Ward's "Robert Elsmere" has acquired undying fame. A new linen collar has been named after it.

Miss Catherine Willard, Mrs. Cleveland's some time friend, is now in Berlin, and lately sang before the all powerful Countess Waldersee.

Mrs. Chamberlain has captured London by her graceful and charming manner, and her kindly smile is always ready for the poorest beggar.

Celia Logan, who after twenty years of experience has just blossomed out into a novelist, lives in New York and is, in private life, Mrs. Connelly.

Society has discovered that women never reckon time by calendar years, but always say so many years ago instead of in the year 18—, or whatever year may be meant.

Private letters lately received from the Duchess of Marlborough announce that both she and husband will visit America next year in order to spend the social season in New York.

One of the newly elected aldermen of the city of London is Miss Emma Cons, a woman who has considerable reputation in England as a practical philanthropist. She was elected by the new city council.

There are women in the east end of London who slyly squirt dirty water out of syringes on ladies' dresses and then overtake them and wipe it off with their aprons in order to get the [illegible] that is usually forthcoming.

A well known English actress is angry because a manufacturer of false teeth has placarded the town with pictures representing her "before and after" taking a set of his famous teeth. The "before" portrait is the one which makes her angry.

Mrs. Gatewood, a negro woman, just dead at Scottsville, Pa., claimed to be 117 years old and to have a distinct memory of Gen. Washington. In addition she had eleven children, fifty-six grandchildren, forty-six great grandchildren and ninety-six great-great grandchildren.

Sorosis has celebrated its twenty first birthday and is congratulated by 100 organized and incorporated women's clubs. When it was formed there was no woman's clubs, no church or missionary societies officered and carried on solely by women, in fact, no purely woman's societies at all.

Miss Shultz, who has just taken the degree of M. D. in Paris with highest honors, is only 21 years old and is described as a particularly pretty young woman. She means to go at her professional work earnestly, although she has one regret—that she cannot go to balls and the opera as much as of old.

One hears a great deal nowadays about the difficulties between author and publisher," said an author, "but I can think of at least two women who discovered an admirable plan to avoid all trouble of this kind. I refer to Miss Braddon and Miss Mulock, both of whom married their publishers.

CURIOUS THINGS OF LIFE.

Owing to cut rates a man recently rode from Dayton, Wy T., to St. Louis, 2,000 miles, for $1.

It is alleged that it takes $5,000 distributed as tips in the police department to get a permit to open a new club in Paris.

Two negroes have been seized with leprosy in Elberton, Ga. One has turned white, while the other has broken out in spots.

A Rochester man has opened a "boarding stable for bicycles." He takes charge of the machines while their owners are at business.

The Dacca Shakti—an Indian paper—avers that there is living at Baruda, near Dacca, a Yogi who is more than 150 years old. He is strong and able bodied. He talks with all.

A citizen of Hagerstown, Md., claims that the inside of a box in his possession was made of a part of the Penn treaty tree, and the outside of a part of the original coffin of Washington.

A steam yacht, built in England, lately made a remarkable voyage by sailing across the channel, up the river Seine, and thence by canals and rivers to Marseilles, on the Mediterranean sea.

Among some old papers in London recently a genuine likeness of John Bunyan as he appeared in his prison cell at Bedford has just been discovered, for which the owner demands 1,000 guineas.

The English courts hold that when a man writes asking another to "favor him with a check" for a bill the intent is that the check is to be sent by post, and the creditor is liable if the check is lost in the mails.

Some of the "cures" at a European resort are mineral water cure, grape cure, whey cure, cold water cure, massage cure, pine needle baths, Russian, Roman, Irish, mud, steam and electric baths. All ills are met by "cures."

Perhaps no newspaper writer was ever more disturbed by a trifle than was the society reporter who, in describing the belle of a recent fashionable party, intended to say, "She looked au fait," but found that an unfeeling blacksmith had made it, "She looked all feet."

A New York burglar got into a genuine pickle the other day. Officers discovered that some one was feloniously at work in a butcher shop, but after they had entered could not find the man until they looked in a pork barrel, when they discovered him up to his neck in brine.

A lot of relics of the ancient cliff dwellers have been discovered in New Mexico. They consist of human remains, mummies and a large collection of ancient pottery. Some turkey bones were found, indicating that the turkey had been domesticated by these ancient people.

Two Scotch tramps, man and wife, make a good living off of the baby. "We just gets 'im christened," explains the man, "in all the towns we passes, and then, you see, parson makes us all comfortable wi' summat to eat and money for beds. On days orful bad we has to do 'im twice."

A Portland, Ore., man refused a Chinaman ten cents, due for washing. The Mongolian closed the door and gave his delinquent customer a severe drubbing, a la Kilrain. When the police arrived all the satisfaction they gave the white man was to advise him to pay his wash bills hereafter. He will probably do so.

A little boy who lives at Sparta, Ga., met with a singular accident. In running after a robin he stepped on some object which gave his foot a sudden twist. This caused the bone in his leg to split, from the consequence of which he has suffered very much. It was some time before the cause of his troubles was found out.

A citizen of Talbotton, Ga., lost $500, and thought that he had dropped it in the barber shop of Alfred Douglass. The barber could not find it there, and, fearing that he would be arrested and imprisoned on suspicion, fled to Alabama. Meanwhile an old negro found the money and returned it to the owner, and then the scared barber came home.

A firm of great genius has offered the British government an immense sum for the use of the national postage stamp for advertising purposes. The advertisement is to be printed on the back of the stamp before the gum is put on, so that the purchaser of every stamp must see the announcement before he moistens the gum. This is an Australian idea.

A New York jeweler has sent some wonderful brooches to the Paris exposition: They are gold enameled orchids, of fifteen varieties, each as perfect in its way as the product of nature. The stems are made green with emeralds. The coloring of the leaves is marvelous beyond description, testifying to the extraordinary skill of the designer as well as the artistic sense and exquisite taste of the enameler.

In the largest jewelry shop in New York, where $5,000 worth of gold is used a day, the gold is not weighed out to the workmen, and nothing but the honesty of the employees prevents loss. But while the gold is allowed to be thus exposed, tobacco has to be locked up, because it has been found that the man who would not steal a grain of his employer's gold would not hesitate to appropriate his neighbor's tobacco.

SCIENTIFIC SQUIBS.

In France experiments are being made with cork car springs.

Iron railroad ties have been in use almost a year, but owing to their not having the elasticity necessary for the "giving" of the rails, they have not proven a success.

About 3,000 brakes have been invented and patented. One of the latest is described as beautifully simple in its working. Push a button and the brakes are set on the entire train.

The average natural age of the oak is from 1,500 to 2,000 years; of the elm, 350 to 500 years, the maple, 600 to 800 years; the yew, 2,500 to 3,000, the cedar, 800; linden, 1,200, and the cypress, 350 years.

France, Austria and Germany have adopted smokeless gunpowder for their armies, and are now experimenting to get an explosive which shall also be noiseless. This endeavor has been fairly successful, and experts say that by the time the next European war begins the noise and smoke of battle will have been done away with.

OUR TELL TALE HANDS.

The white hand proclaims innocence, the red hand guilt.

A hand that is soft and flabby indicates a weak and inefficient character.

A lean, nervous hand, with a grasp of much spasmodic force indicates cruelty.

The thumbs of the dying turn in under the fingers, as if conscious that their work is done.

A hand that is firm and solid foretells a good constitution and a patient and preserving mind.

The laying on of hands is an old custom believed to have peculiar value in curing disease by faith.

Newton declared that in want of other proofs the thumb would convince him of the existence of a God.

SOME RICH AMERICAN CITIZENS.

Leland Stanford is worth $40,000,000.

Warner Miller is worth $5,000,000.

Secretary Windom is worth $5,000,000.

Wm. A. Rockefeller is worth $20,000,000.

P.T. Barnum began poor and has $5,000,000.

Claus Spreckles is rated as high as $20,000,000.

Jay Gould cannot be worth less than $75,000,000.

Russell Sage is 70 years old and worth $40,000,000.

Samuel A. Scott, Kansas City, has $10,000,000.

James McMillan, Detroit, has made $10,000,000.

Robert Bonner, New York, began poor and has $6,000,000.

Charles Pratt, the Brooklyn oil man, is worth $6,000,000.

Charles McLure, St. Louis, made $5,000,000 in Granite Mountain.

Gen. Russell A. Alger, of Detroit, is worth $5,000,000 and more.

Charles F A. Henrichs began as a clerk and now has $5,000,000.

John T. Davis, St. Louis, has made $15,000,000, mostly in dry goods.

John Wanamaker, the new postmaster general, is worth $10,000,000.

Ex-Governor English, of Connecticut, has an estate valued at $5,000,000.

The Astor heirs will inherit $200,000,000—mostly in gilt edged real estate.

Senator James G. Fair kept a saloon for miners, and is worth $20,000,000.

Ex-Senator Palmer, Michigan, married a fortune, and is worth $6,000,000.

Philip Armour, Chicago, began life as a butcher boy, and now has $25,000,000.

Marshall Field, Chicago, began as clerk in Potter Palmer's store, and has $15,000,000.

John J. Jennings, one of Chicago's oldest residents, has made $5,000,000 in real estate.

Vice President Morton is worth $10,000,000, and did not have a large nest egg to start with.

Collis P. Huntington, the railroad magnate, was once a poor man, and is worth $10,000,000.

J. W. Mackay, $30,000,000, was a ship builder at days' wages before he was a gold hunter.

David Sinton is the richest man in Cincinnati, born in a cabin in Ireland, and worth now $5,000,000.

B. P. Hutchison, "Old Hutch" started life at the shoemaker's bench at Lynn, Mass. He is worth $8,000,000.

Andrew Carnegie, the iron king, is worth $40,000,000, and came to this country from Scotland a poor man.

A. M. Cannon, Washington territory, peddled sewing machines through Oregon, and is now rated at $5,000,000.

John I. Blair, Blairstown, N. J., is worth $40,000,000, and began business by selling plug tobacco and notions.

Senator John P. Jones came to this country from Wales and went gold hunting in 1849. He is worth 15,000,000.

L. Z. Leiter, Washington, D. C., began life poor and is new worth $10,000,000, made mostly in dry goods in Chicago.

Sidney Dillon was at one time a brakeman, and had no regular education. His fortune is estimated at $15,000,000 to $20,000,000.

Henry A. Flagler, who built the Ponce de Leon hotel, at St. Augustine, Fla., said to be the finest hotel in the world, is worth $15,000,000.

George M. Pullman, the palace car man, began life in a small furniture business in Albion, N. Y. He began with fifty dollars and now has $5,000,000.

The four male members of the Vanderbilt family are rated, Cornelius, $110,000,000, William K., $85,000,000, Frederick W., $10,000,000; George W., $15,000,000.

Cauldwell Cole, owner of the yacht Dauntless, is a bachelor, 35, and worth $6,000,000. Mr. Cole is one of the few rich men who have inherited most of their fortune.

Montgomery Sears, Boston, inherited $9,000,000 from his father, but had to contest the will to get it. He is believed to be worth $12,000,000. His father began life poor.

John D. Rockefeller, New York, began life as a bookkeeper in Cleveland, and is reported to be worth $60,000,000. He is still a young man, and one of the brainiest and most unassuming of America's great financiers.

George Ehret, a New York beer king, is but forty years old and worth $7,000,000. "He was so poor a few years ago when he reached this country that he could not speak the English language," is the way his financial condition was expressed to the writer.

Here are seventy-two men, all American citizens, whose fortunes aggregate the big total of $1,433,000,000. This exceeds by $5,000,000 the total money circulation of the United States the first day of the present month, according to the treasury statement.

A. J. Drexel, of Philadelphia, is worth $20,000,000. He is the son of Francis Martin Drexel, who was born in Austrian Tyrol 1792, a portrait painter of merit, who came to this country to avoid one of Napoleon's conscriptions. He engaged in the banking business and his sons inherited a considerable fortune.

James J. Hill, president of the Manitoba railroad, who not many years ago paid Norman W. Kittson $3,500,000 cash for one-fifth interest in the road, began earning money by working on the St. Paul levee for $30 a month. He was afterwards agent at St. Paul for a line of river steamers. Mr. Hill is now worth $15,000,000.

Ten cottagers at Lenox last summer were rated as follows. D. W. Bishop, $15,000,000; George W. Westinghouse, $20,000,000; W. D. Sloane, $15,000,000; Charles Lanier, $15,000,000; G. G. Haven, $12,000,000; George S. Crocker, $12,000,000; W. H. Brandford, $10,000,000; Anson P. Stokes, $8,000,000; Brayton Ives, $6,000,000; Col. Auchmutty, $5,000,000.

George W. Childs, of Philadelphia, was an errand boy in a book store, became clerk, then a partner with R. E. Paterson, and later with J. B. Lippincott in the publishing business. Among the famous books issued by the firm was Parson Brownlow's "Reminiscences," for which they paid the author $15,000 in royalties. Mr Childs is worth not less than $15,000,000.—Chicago Tribune.

CURIOSITIES OF SUICIDE.

In Paris there is one suicide to every 2,700 people.

In Saxony there is one suicide to every 8,446 people.

In Russia there is one suicide to every 34,246 people.

In Sweden, there is one suicide to every 92,375 people.

In the United States there is one suicide to every 15,000 people.

In London and St. Petersburg there is one suicide to every 21,000.

Suicide is more frequent among males than among females. It is apt to be hereditary.

LOOK HERE!

HOOD & SON

Have in their new wareroom the largest display of

PLOWS, HARROWS,

Cultivators, Etc.,

In this market, and their store room is overflowing with

Hardware, Glass, Paints,

Varnishes, Mechanics' Tools, Brushes,

Screen Doors and Windows.

☞ All at rock bottom prices. Call and see them.

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FAILS TO CURE.

Every bottle is guaranteed or money refunded when our rules and instructions are carried out in full. The only catarrh medicine of merit, and the only Company that gives you this chance. This is to show the public that we do not come before the people with a worthless nostrum, but one of merit. Do not let your druggist sell you a bottle unless it has our guarantee on same. For sale by all drug trade. **Price, $1.00 Per Bottle.** If your druggist does not have it, send $1, and we will pay express charges.

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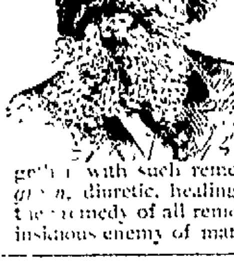
Hibbard's Rheumatic Syrup.

SCROFULA WHAT IT IS AND HOW TO OVERCOME IT. undoubtedly had its origin among the poorer classes in new countries where water was bad, miasmas prevalent, food with little variety, clothing insufficient, and exposure to cold and wet common and frequent.

SCROFULA.

We [illegible] to be the cause of [illegible] chronic diseases.

DYSPEPSIA ALWAYS YIELDS.



TREATMENT.—In this, the [illegible] importance, and the hy[illegible] to be neglected [illegible], exercise and abundant clothing are all important. Hibbard's Rheumatic Syrup is the *only* remedy.

IT IS POSITIVE.

Containing the medicinal virtues of certain *Plants* and *Roots* of known alterative and *Depurative Natures*, together with such remedies as *Poke [illegible], Wintergreen*, diuretic, healing and invigorating, it becomes "the remedy of all remedies" for this most common and insidious enemy of mankind.

ALWAYS RELIABLE

IT IS A

SAFE FAMILY MEDICINE

Because it contains no poison or opiates. Children, invalids and delicate persons will find it the best [illegible] and tonic they can use. No home should be without it. Always in season, *Spring, Summer, Autumn and Winter.*

If you cannot procure it of your druggist, send direct to us. Price $1 00; 6 bottles $5.00. Plasters 25c.

TESTIMONIALS WORTHY OF CONFIDENCE.

A BAD CASE OF SCROFULA CURED.

Port Byron, N. Y.—I have been doctoring for the [illegible] four years, [illegible] physicians, for [illegible] I commenced taking [illegible] Continuing its use [illegible] months, [illegible] I believe it to be the best [illegible] in the world.

Mrs. William Strang.

No remedy known so highly endorsed by its home [illegible] in the treatment of [illegible] Diseases. [illegible]

[illegible] Jackson, Mich.

YEARS OF SUFFERING.

Col. E. S. Walker, West Lebanon, Ind.

Hibbard's Rheumatic Syrup and Plasters have done more for me than any other medicine that I have ever taken. It is the greatest remedy for impure blood, and for a dyspeptic or a constipated person it seems to have no equal. Please send me half a dozen bottles. G. B. Harrison, Liberty, Te

Gents,—I received the above letter this [illegible] He thinks it is the greatest medicine in the [illegible] It has given entire satisfaction to all my trade. Col. E. S. W

A SURE CURE FOR RHEUMAT

PURE LAKE

ICE!

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Prompt Daily Deliveries.

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MEN ONLY. Cure for weakness, nervousness, lack of manly vigor, development, contentment, etc. BOOK FREE. Erie Med. Co. Buffalo, N. Y.

Walter Buhl & Co.,

MANUFACTURES OF

FURS!

—THEY—

STORE

RE-MAKE!

—AND—

REPAIR

FURS

—In the—

SPRING AND SUMMER.

146 & 148 Jefferson Avenue, DETROIT, MICH.

CITY TIME TABLE

Following is the time of arrival of and departure of trains at and from the several depots in this city, according to the latest changes.

ERIE. WEST.		EAST.	
No. 7	10:50 a. m.	No. 12	5:20 a. m.
No. 37	8:20 a. m.	No. 6	12:05 p. m.
No. 5	2:55 p. m.	No. 88	2:55 p. m.
No. 3	11:05 p. m.	No. 8	10:45 p. m.
BEE LINE. WEST.		**EAST.**	
No. 1	4:05 a. m.	No. 8	2:15 a. m.
No. 3	10:23 a. m.	No. 10	8:45 a. m.
No. 5	3:25 p. m.	No. 2	2:03 p. m.
No. 9	11:25 p. m.	No. 6	9:57 p. m.
Local	9:30 a. m.	Local	2:45 p. m.
C., H. V. AND T. NORTH.		**SOUTH.**	
No. 1	5:41 p. m.	No. 2	9:52 a. m.
No. 3	8:37 a. m.	No. 4	8:40 p. m.
C. AND A. WEST.		**EAST.**	
No. 1	8:00 a. m.	No. 12	5:20 a. m.
No. 5	2:35 p. m.	No. 10	7:15 p. m.
No. 17	3:10 p. m.	No. 79	7:00 p. m.
No. 3	10:45 p. m.	No. 8	10.45 p. m.
No. 83	6:00 a. m.	No. 18	12:01 p. m.

Schedule of Mail Trains.

C. & A.—West	8:00 a. m.
C.H.V. & T.—North	8:37 a. m.
C. H. V. & T.—South	9:52 a. m.
C. C. C. & I.—West	10:27 a. m.
Erie—East	12:05 p. m.
C. C. C. & I.—East	2:47 p. m.
Erie—West	2:55 p. m.

Day mails close one-half hour before schedule time of departure, except C. & A., which closes 10 minutes earlier than one-half hour.

NIGHT MAILS.

C. C. C. & I., South of Delaware	8:46 p. m.
Columbus	8:40 p. m.
C. C. C. & I., North of Galion	3:22 a. m.
Chicago	11:10 p. m.

☞Night mails close at 8:30 and 9 p. m., city time.

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DINING HALL!

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REGULAR MEALS

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Special Dishes Served to Order.

Oysters at All Times.

LUNCH STAND IN CONNECTION.

TICKETS (20 MEALS), $3.50.

My old patrons and all new ones are invited to call.

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2d Door East of Court House

HOXSIE'S CERTAIN CROUP CURE

IT STRIKES AT THE ROOT. POSITIVE. SWIFT & SURE OF THE DISEASE

The greatest remedy in the world for all acute attacks to throat and lungs, for adults as well as children. Price, 50 cents.

Remington Standard Typewriter,

Unrivaled for SPEED and DURABILITY.

Unequaled for EASE of Operator and QUALITY of work.

FULLY WARRANTED.

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Wyckoff, Seamans and Benedict.

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$75.00 to $250.00 A MONTH can be made working for us. Agents preferred who can furnish a horse and give their whole time to the business. Spare moments may be profitably employed also. A few vacancies in towns and cities. B. F. JOHNSON & CO., 1009 Main St., Richmond Va.

N.B.—Ladies employed also. Never mind about sending stamp for reply. Come quick. Yours for biz, B. F. J. & Co. [122-wed-6mo

—Dr. B. Mincer, the eminent optician of Detroit, Mich., who is now a resident of Marion, will visit every town in this county. Any one suffering with weak eyes, or eyes abused by inferior glasses, should not fail to see him. Orders left at the postoffice will be promptly attended to. No extra charge for examination or visiting patients at their home. On Saturdays and Sundays he can be found in his office at residence, No. 2[illegible], Silver street. 164[illegible]

Loose's Red Clover Pile Remedy.

is a positive specific for all forms of the disease. Blind, Bleeding, Itching, Ulcerated, and Protruding Piles.—Price 50c.

Sold in Marion, O., by W. B. Foye, Druggist.

Two Men Asphyxiated.

PORT HURON, Mich., April 10.—Joseph Clemmo, a ship caulker, at work in one of the vats of the Mineral Bath works became asphyxiated, and Stephen Porter, an attendant, called for help and went to his assistance. When relief arrived both men were insensible, and they died in a few minutes. Dr. Stephenson, the proprietor, was also suffocated, and was seriously hurt about the head by falling into the vat.

Syrup of Figs

Is Nature's own true laxative. It is the most easily taken, and the most effective remedy known to Cleanse the System when Bilious or Costive; to dispel Headaches, Colds and Fevers; to Cure Habitual Constipation, Indigestion, Piles, etc. Manufactured only by the California Fig Syrup Company, San Francisco, Cal.

Sold only by H. L. Flocken & Co. and H. C. Hoberman & Co., druggists.

MRS. STOWE'S HOME LIFE.

THE FAMOUS WOMAN'S MIND A LITTLE CLOUDED.

Her Love for Animals—Her Daily Walks and How She Passes Her Days—The Letters She Has Received from Noted Personages—Her Biography.

[Special Correspondence.]

HARTFORD, April 8.—Mrs. Stowe has not gone to her Florida home this winter, but is living quietly here with her two daughters.

Although we read from time to time in the newspapers that there is no loss of mental vigor on Mrs. Stowe's part, it is quite apparent to all who meet her that there is a marked diminution of intellectual power. She sees only her family and most intimate friends and is constantly attended by a nurse. Although there are times when Mrs. Stowe seems quite herself, it is sad to record the fact that the great authoress is gradually lapsing into second childhood.

The cottage which she built here some years ago is situated in one of the pleasantest parts of Hartford. There is a fine view of miles of the surrounding country to be seen from her windows. Then she has for near neighbors the genial Mark Twain and the scholarly Mr. Charles Dudley Warner. The cottage itself is most unpretentious in appearance, but thoroughly homelike in every particular. The front door opens into a pleasant hall; from this you enter the room, where the family spend most of their time.

There are plenty of books here, easy chairs, and plenty of pictures; many of the latter are the handiwork of Mrs. Stowe herself, and were painted in leisure hours. Although the house is heated by a furnace, there are open grate fires in every room, which adds to the picture of "homeliness."

The drawing room has one or two copies of old masterpieces. There is the Sistine "Madonna," Fra Angelico's "Angels" and Correggio's "Magdalene." Some rare bits of porcelain stand on a quaint little old fashioned table. In one corner are two or three easy chairs, and one can easily imagine it just the place to sit and take a cup of "afternoon tea." Blue is the prevailing color of this room. The dining room has some fine family portraits and some handsome furniture which has been in the family for many years. The morning I called there the maid was just preparing the table for the noonday meal. Two young colored girls preside over the destinies of the kitchen. They have lived with Mrs. Stowe for some years and are devoted to their mistress.

Mrs. Stowe's room, on the second floor, is made the most cheerful one in the house. It faces the south, and in the bay window are plenty of growing plants, while a vase of flowers always stands on her writing table. A canary bird sings his best and most lively tunes. The family cat purrs beside the open fire, and probably tries to forget what a tempting morsel Master Canary would make. One or two dogs also crouch beside the fire, and altogether it is a veritable happy family. Mrs. Stowe's love for all dumb animals is well known.

Every morning, when the weather permits, accompanied by her attendant or one of her daughters, she takes a short walk. I met her the other morning as she was returning from her sister's, Mrs. Hooker, who lives on the same street. She was leaning heavily on the arm of her attendant and walking very slowly. Her pedestrian powers, in her stronger days, were very good, a walk of five or six miles being part of her daily exercise; but now she is able to go only a short distance without being overpowered with fatigue. Her son, the Rev. Charles E. Stowe, lives in the other part of the town, and Mrs. Stowe is no longer able to walk the distance, but she often drives over there for a visit, as her grandchildren, Lyman Beecher Stowe and his little sister, Hilda, are great pets with her.

As her mind becomes weaker, there is more and more apparent a strong love and sympathy for all mankind. As George Sand said of Mrs. Stowe, her genius is the genius of humanity. A love for all that is great and good and noble has always been one of her strong characteristics. As an illustration of her broad charity, the following incident is related by a member of her family. Some time ago a friend was saying how shocked she had been the Sunday before at church to hear "a godly and pious" hymn sung to one of the airs from the opera of "Erminie."

"I think a beautiful tune," said Mrs. Stowe, very quietly, and as if to herself, "is the property of the human race, and it is right to use it for the best and highest purposes."

She seems to live a good deal on that beautiful hymn of Dr. Holmes', "O Love Divine," and one of her favorite quotations is that one from "The Ancient Mariner," "he prayeth best who loveth best."

The last thing Mrs. Stowe wrote for publication was the introduction to a Florida annual. She retired some years ago from active literary life, for, as she said, it is better for authors to stop writing before readers stop reading. With the pictures of Puritan life, as set forth in some of her novels, Mr. Gladstone, in a letter to Mrs. Stowe, expressed himself much pleased, and said that he considered "The Minister's Wooing" one of the best novels he had ever read, as there were fine, perfect characters in it.

There was a time when the author of "Uncle Tom's Cabin" would not have felt at ease in the south, where of late years she has spent so many winters; but, with few exceptions, she has been treated there with the utmost cordiality and courteousness.

One interesting story concerning Mrs. Stowe is related by a friend.

A friend at whose house Mrs. Stowe was a guest invited a party of young ladies to meet the authoress at luncheon. The invitation was eagerly accepted, for to enjoy an hour's conversation with the author of "Uncle Tom's Cabin" was something to be anticipated with great delight and remembered with pleasure.

At the appointed hour Mrs. Stowe entered the room, the young ladies were duly presented to her and luncheon was announced. The hostess had meanwhile noticed that Mrs. Stowe seemed ominously quiet, and that her eyes had the dreamy, far away expression in them that foreboded scant entertainment for the young ladies. The expression of her eyes and the abstracted manner were well understood by her friend, but the young ladies, not recognizing "their outward and visible signs," felt that now the time had arrived for a feast of reason and a flow of soul, and anxiously waited for the ball to open.

Fancy their dismay and disappointment, their something like wrath, as course after course was disposed of, and still the ominous quiet at the right of the hostess remained unbroken. At last Mrs. Stowe raised her downcast eyes and opened her lips to speak. Every head bent forward to catch the words of wisdom that might fall like pearls from her lips.

The words were these: "Please pass the bread." Only that and nothing more throughout the entire meal, and no one could have been more surprised than was Mrs. Stowe herself when her friend told her of the disappointment of the young ladies. It had not once occurred to her that they could wish to hear her talk, and for the matter of that, her brain, as she said, was hard at work all the time writing the next installment of "Old Town Folks."

On a little stand in her drawing room are arranged most of the novels Mrs Stowe has written, "The Pearl of Orr's Island," "Agnes of Sorrento," "My Wife and I," "Pink and White Tyranny" and "Mina Gordon." These are plainly bound in green and gold. Near by is the hymnal in use in the Episcopal church, with the lines on "Sorrow" neatly pasted on one of the fly leaves. Keble's "Christian Year," with many passages marked, also lies near.

Her love for the Episcopal church service was imbibed from a great-aunt by whom she was brought up, as her mother died when she was a mere child. Mrs. Stowe's daughters are communicants of that church, while her son, the Rev. Charles E. Stowe, is one of the popular Congregational ministers of Hartford.

Mr. Stowe has been preparing a biography of his mother. It is already in the publisher's hands, and it is not his intention to wait until his mother's death before giving it to the public.

Mrs. Stowe has been the recipient of letters from many distinguished persons. George Eliot wrote to her many letters; Mr. Gladstone and many of the famous authors, both of England and America, have sent her interesting letters at times, and as the permission, in many cases, has been given for the reproduction of these letters in the biography, a very interesting memoir may be expected.

F. M. SMITH.

A CLAUDE LORRAINE.

It Was Recently Brought to Light in Hartford, and Is Very Valuable.

[Special Correspondence.]

HARTFORD, April 8.—The discovery in Hartford, Conn., of what many experts deem a veritable Claude Lorraine has created a profound sensation. Nothing is talked of but this picture; old biographical dictionaries are ransacked, and people who never took any interest in art are now sufficiently posted to be able to talk interestingly about it everywhere. As usual with such discoveries, the news has spread very slowly and from very humble sources. Peter Lux is a well known, nervous dealer in antiques and curios in a dark little 7 by 9 store on Main street. He is always ransacking old garrets for high boys and low boys, for andirons and spinning wheels, for spinnets and whatnots, but has a predilection for musty old manuscripts and books and for old oil paintings. It is this person who owns the Claude. He paid $5 for it, or $20 for four old paintings of which this is one. The story is again illustrative of the luck that frequently befalls these business antiquarians.

A few months ago Thomas Holland, a very wealthy gentleman who has passed much of his time abroad, and who lived in the old Governor Jewell mansion, died. Among his effects were many rare and valuable treasures; but these were carefully guarded. Four paintings had been stored in the stable. They were covered with dust and cobwebs, and appeared to be worth, frames and all, from $5 to $20 each. Mrs. Holland saw no value in them, and, as much to get rid of them as to do a kind act, gave them to her coachman. This fellow was not a person of taste, contrary to the usual character of his class, and desiring some ready cash, brought the matter to the attention of Mr. Lux. After carefully looking at the property the curio man made the coachman an offer of $20. It was accepted with alacrity, and the Claude and its three companions in exile—by no means bad themselves, one being a Dumont—were soon carted off to adorn the Main street store, with tickets, "Your choice for $10," or some equally modest sum.

After he had cleaned up the Claude somebody dropped in, and having an artistic eye, commented in the most favorable terms upon its beauty. This man brought another, and he brought an expert, until what had flashed across the mind of the first became almost a surety—the canvas was a Claude Lorraine!

The painting is 18 by 24 inches and its frame is an old Florentine. Whether a Claude Lorraine (or Gelee) or not, it is adjudged a masterpiece. The color is good, and the composition excellent. It is a "Marine View with Villa Medici," a subject of which Claude was very fond. It is known that he painted one like it for the Cardinal di Medici and earned a rapid promotion from penury. That is in the Florentine palace of the Uffizi, but a copy or replica, with a reversed position of palace, is in the Louvre; and it is thought the Hartford discovery is a replica.

If it is a copy the most pronounced opponent of the theory that it is genuine admits that it is the work of a superior artist. The composition gives all the striking tints of atmosphere and sunlight and water for which Claude is famous. The ships and boats and men and women are well done, but in no way so striking as the perspective atmosphere and color. This is taken as additional evidence of its being genuine; for Claude was so bad a draughtsman of the human figure that he frequently got other artists to paint them.

Mr. Lux has been unable to obtain from Mrs. Holland any definite idea as to how her husband came into possession of the treasure. He has a theory of his own, however.

"I think," he said, "that some nobleman in London became impecunious and spouted it and that it was afterward stolen and sold for a song, the thief not being aware of its value. Otherwise how would it have been kept in the dust and cobwebs of the barn where I found it? Recently I had an offer of $5,000 from New York, and the bidder didn't care whether the painting was or was not genuine. But do you think I would sell it for that when it may be worth $30,000 or $40,000? At the time of the offer I had $10,000 fixed as my upset price; but since I have learned more I have increased my figures. I don't quite know what I would sell it for now."

WILLIAM A. COUNTRYMAN.

Why Running Produces Heat.

Running makes a person warm because of the inhalation of an increased amount of air, and causes the blood to pass more rapidly through the lungs. The rapid inhalation of air involves the introduction of a greater quantity of air into the body, which renders the combustion of the blood more rapid, and the blood itself more heated. The quantity of air breathed while running at the rate of six miles an hour is six times that breathed while walking at the rate of one mile an hour. The superfluous heat arising from the exertion of running is disposed of through the skin by means of increased perspiration.—New York Telegram.

The Singing Scarf Pin.

A novel scarf pin of French design has just appeared. It is a singing bird of gay plumage. The apparatus consists of an India rubber bulb, connected by a tube with the body of the bird, but concealed by the wearer's clothing. When the bulb is pressed it makes a wind current, which works a small whistle, and at the same time the bird's beak moves and his tail wiggles in a very natural way. To the spectator, who does not see the machinery, it is a very wonderful thing. Considering that the bird is only the size of an ordinary scarf pin, it is really a curious piece of mechanism.—Brooklyn Eagle.

THE KIND OF MAN HE IS.

EDITOR MURAT HALSTEAD AND HIS PERSONAL CHARACTERISTICS.

How He Received a "Rising Young Writer" in the '60s—His Family and His Happy Home Life—Halstead in Europe—His Quarrels with Politicians.

[Special Correspondence.]

NEW YORK, April 8.—In the early part of 1868 began my acquaintance with Murat Halstead, but I first saw him in June, 1869. In 1865-68 The Cincinnati Commercial began to be noted as peculiarly independent and Mr. Halstead as a promoter of "young blood" in journalism. It was told to the ambitious youths of western Indiana that the merest tyro would be encouraged by Mr. Halstead if he could send news or anything worth reading; so there was a great breaking out of fresh effusions from callow youths. I, among the number, being then an invalid and making ready for the overland trip to California, wrote a proposal to The Commercial, and received permission to try my hand. Thirteen months later, having written letters from every point on the way and many from Utah (for I got no further), I came home and visited Cincinnati for the first time.

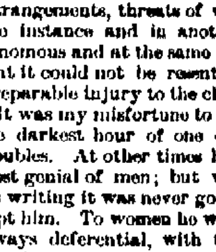
I can just make out to laugh now at my first experience with "my chief," but it was painful enough at the time. I had received such encouraging praise for my Utah contributions that I supposed he would be delighted to see me. It was one of those awful June days in Cincinnati which destroy all faith in Universalism. The corner of Fourth and Race streets seemed to quiver in the stagnant air as I rushed unannounced into the sanctum. I saw a man of splendid physique, with light hair and an awful gray eye, nervously scratching down lines that looked like Arabic, while on the other side of the table sat one whose singular appearance actually fascinated me. His hair was very long and straight, his head turned back as if invoking the spirits, and his eyes were completely concealed by double convex glasses. He was motionless as a statue.

These were Murat Halstead and B. F. Plympton. In many years' pleasant acquaintance with the latter I never entirely got rid of the peculiar first impression; it always seemed to me that he was liable at any minute to break out with an invocation to the unseen, and, in fact, he admitted to me that he was occasionally "psychologized." (That's the word they use, but I have never found out what they mean by it.) On this occasion he was respectfully waiting a chance to consult his chief, but I, knowing nothing of city offices, addressed Mr. Halstead at once with statement of my name and business.

"H-u-n-h!"

This is as near as letters can present his reply, his pen never pausing an instant. I fell back to the door, took breath and returned to the charge.

"H-u-u-n-n-h. Hah. H-u-h!"



MURAT HALSTEAD.

This time the pen was lifted for perhaps ten seconds; so I took courage and began again. He waved his hand in a way to indicate that all outdoors was available, and said something of which I only heard the word "later," and I retired indignant. Late that afternoon I returned and found him in a most agreeable mood. I introduced myself anew and neither of us referred to the forenoon meeting. I doubt very much if he had any recollection of it.

This was the beginning of an acquaintance and business relation which continued through seven years, and was in every way pleasant and profitable to me. In fairness of statement and honorable business dealing Mr. Halstead had no superior; and the latitude allowed to correspondents was really remarkable. In many hundred communications to The Commercial, from every part of the far west, from the south and from many places in Ohio and Indiana during the exciting "whisky crusade" of 1874, I was never once restricted in the expression of opinions. But during all the years from the close of the war till 1880, Mr. Halstead was involved in heated controversies over the municipal affairs of Cincinnati, and sometimes over state and national affairs, which led to personal estrangements, threats of violence, attack in one instance and in another a scandal so venomous and at the same time so ingenious that it could not be resented without doing irreparable injury to the chief victim.

It was my misfortune to first meet him in the darkest hour of one of these personal troubles. At other times he was among the most genial of men; but when engrossed in his writing it was never good policy to interrupt him. To women he was always polite, always deferential, with the bearing of a courtier. And since the old quarrels were fought to a conclusion he has wonderfully softened to all men. It is not uncommon, says Holmes, for men who have fought a hard fight in life to "mellow delightfully" when the struggle has ended in victory, and Mr. Halstead often says it is his most earnest desire now "to live in peace with all men." Even in his greatest anger there was a trace of humor; and speaking of one whom he had most cause to hate, he said:

"There was a time when I would have killed him, but I did not want to establish the precedent of killing editors."

Mr. Halstead was born in 1829, in Butler county, O., and lived on his father's farm there till manhood, acquiring a robust physique, which has remained sound through many years of conflict and hard work, and even now shows no signs of failure. His immense physical potency is no small element of his success, his work at times being very exhaustive. On The Commercial his writing was necessarily irregular, and in more than one instance he wrote in a day an entire page of editorials. "A column an hour" in the editorial type of The Commercial was a common achievement with him. He married early, a daughter of Mr. Hiram Banks, an old and highly respected citizen of Cincinnati; and his domestic life is a singularly successful and happy one. Mrs. Halstead is a model among housekeepers, and their children numbered twelve, of whom ten are living. Of the seven sons and three daughters living, two daughters are at school in Berlin, and Mrs. Halstead and the two youngest boys are there with them at present. The oldest daughter, Mrs. Jean Halstead Davidson, is the wife of the present county prosecutor of Cincinnati.

Mrs. Halstead was a noted beauty in her youth; her hair was celebrated by the "album poets" of the time, and it is now seven feet long (so her confidential friends assert). In schoolgirl days envious rivals called it red, but it is now a beautiful dark auburn. She is a quiet and refined lady, still retaining much of her early beauty. Of their sons three—Marshall, Clarence and Robert—graduated from Princeton college in three successive years, and Albert is still there. Marshall is one of the managers of The Commercial Gazette and bids fair to be a worthy successor of his father. Clarence is the agent of the Associated Press at Baltimore. Robert has charge of the New York city office of The Commercial Gazette. The others are too young for business.

Mr. Halstead had some unusual qualifications for the mission to Germany, and would have been a "persona grata" at Berlin. His personal appearance is that of the highest class of Germans, and his style of writing and personal address are agreeable to them. His letters from Iceland and other noted productions were as popular among Germans as Americans. His campaign with the Prussian army in 1870 and his subsequent experience added to his qualifications. When he passed over into France he had some difficulty in convicing the first Frenchman he met that he was not a German emissary. In short he is the sort of man the Germans would have liked and their style would have suited him.

J. H. BEADLE.

OUR NEW YORK LETTER.

Electricity Said to Be a Swift and Reliable Cancer Cure.

[Special Correspondence.]

NEW YORK, April 8.—"Hundreds of physicians and scientific experts who have given attention to the matter," said Dr. A. W. Jackson, a leading New York medical electrician, "believe that cancer will ere long lose its terrors through the use of the galvanic current. Everything else imaginable has been tried and found wanting. No medicine known has ever been of benefit. The knife gives temporary relief, but nothing more, while the powerful caustics and corrosives once used are completely forgotten.

"This availability of electricity is of recent birth. In fact, it is only a few years ago that when any physician expressed belief in its medical virtue he was forthwith proclaimed a quack or fraud and sent to Coventry by the profession. Today its use is well nigh universal, and no practitioner considers his set of working instruments complete unless it includes batteries, galvano-cauteries and all the other appliances which electrical science has invented in the last five years.

"The first step was taken when they found that moles, 'strawberry marks' and other birth marks could promptly and painlessly be removed or effaced, by the passing through them of a mild and almost imperceptible galvanic current. The people do not know the progress and wonderful work done in this direction. The Hon. William D. Hughes, ex-assistant United States district attorney of Brooklyn, for example, was a fine looking man, whose face was disfigured by a scarlet patch that almost covered his left cheek, jaw and neck. A few weeks' treatment, in which he suffered neither pain nor bloodshed and never lost a moment of time, removed the terrible blemish, and left no scar or even mark behind.

"Miss Minnie Reeves, a Brooklyn belle, was unable to wear a decollete dress on account of a brown mole, two inches wide and five long, upon her shoulder. In less than a month the disfiguration had disappeared. In both cases the method employed was the same. Two fine steel needles, no larger than those used by ladies for the most delicate embroidery, were inserted in the skin just on the edge of the blemish. They were attached to the wires of a cell battery of moderate intensity and force. The current was applied and passed from one needle through the objectionable surface to the other for a few minutes. The needles were moved an eighth of an inch and the current applied until nearly every particle of the disfigurement had been acted upon. The next day the latter looked dry and hard. The dryness increased, and with it came a shriveling. Finally, the entire mark curled up like a dead leaf in autumn and fell off, leaving behind a clean and smooth white surface, indistinguishable from its surroundings.

"Thousands of such cases have been treated by Drs. Woodbury, Butler, Welch, Bayliss and myself, and thus far without the slightest failure.

"A greater step was taken when the profession extended the method to the removal of tumors both external and internal. The notable success obtained at the outset in this field opened a new era in surgery. Theretofore the knife, ligature or cautery were the only means employed by the faculty. The new method proved painless, thorough and devoid of danger, and, what made it of the highest value, it left little or no cicatrix to disfigure the place where the tumor had been. William F. G. Shanks, the distinguished New York editor and writer, was troubled with a small tumor on the end of the nose, which had been pronounced of cancerous nature by many leading physicians. A brief application of the current in the manner described removed the trouble in eight days.

"Gen. James F. Jourdan, a prominent Brooklyn capitalist, suffered many years from a similar imperfection on the edge of the nostril. Treatment with every known corrosive and caustic proved unavailing—doing, in fact, more harm than good. With electricity as the remedial agency, a perfect cure was effected in a week. Miss Marian Gilson, a literary woman of New York, had from her girlhood a protuberance on the neck; that is commonly called a 'mouse.' The physicians she consulted declined to operate upon it on account of its close proximity to the great blood vessels of the throat. It proved as tractable to the galvanic current as the tiniest mole—rapidly shrinking and breaking up into dead matter. Within four weeks the last vestige fell off, leaving a natural and beautiful surface behind.

"The most interesting case in this regard was that of a blacksmith in the town of McDonough, Del. From the constant use of a brace and bit and other tools which are pressed against the work by the breast, he developed a callosity on the latter that after a few years inflamed. He consulted Dr. W. H. Hamilton, now of Odessa in the same state, who pronounced it a polypal cancer. Unwilling to trust his own diagnosis he declined to treat the blacksmith, but sent him with a letter of introduction to Dr. W. H. Pancoast, Sr., Dr. Samuel Gross, Dr. D. Hayes Agnew and Dr. S. Weir Mitchell.

"All of these confirmed the opinion of Dr. Hamilton and advised the man to go home to die. By chance he ran across a medical electrician, who treated him in the same style as has been mentioned. The cancer fell off and the man is alive today. One result of this case was a bitter fight among the medical practitioners of Philadelphia, and thereafter the study of electro-therapeutics was included in the curriculum of Jefferson college and of the Pennsylvania university.

"As the number of cases successfully treated increased it was soon found that many tumors which were thus cured had been pronounced cancers by doctors of the highest standing. Internal tumors in women and external ones on men, which under the old systems were considered incurable, yielded to the influence of the current and finally disappeared. So many instances of this class have occurred that physicians, especially of the old school, altered their classification and made the rule of today, which practically is this: if a tumor, which seems a cancer, can be cured by electricity, it is not a cancer, but if it cannot be then it is one.

FALES-CURTIS.

LONG LIFE

There is nothing in the world more generally desired than long life, yet the majority of people put off caring for their health—not because they are really careless, but because we live our lives at such a pace we have not time to give the subject sufficient thought until we receive a reminder in the shape of a severe illness.

Then, too, we are constantly bewildered by the various schools of medicine, and the physicians who represent them, and often blunder in our choice of a doctor.

If people only knew that the very best health-keeper, life-preserver, and disease-preventer that has yet been discovered, is simmered down into a concentrated and very palatable form in the shape of New Style Pleasant Taste Vinegar Bitters, they would not hesitate a moment to try it.

But they do not know. How can they know, when so many not only worthless, but positively injurious drugs are constantly flooding the market under various names guises, that the New Style Vinegar Bitters is as bad as any of them?

They do not know, of course, unless they have the courage to try the New Style. It straightens out a tangled-up system in a very short while, and those who buy it once buy it always.

Why don't you try it, reader? It is sent out by a responsible house, and is exactly as represented. It costs but a dollar for a very large bottle. Try it once and you will never be so glad of anything in your life. Your druggist may not have it, but he will order it for you. Be sure it says New Style Pleasant Taste on carton and bottle before you take it. Try it, and you will feel happier than if you had found a gold mine, for it really is a mine—of health.

Free from alcohol and opium; composed of expensive herbs and roots with a fine, delicate flavoring.

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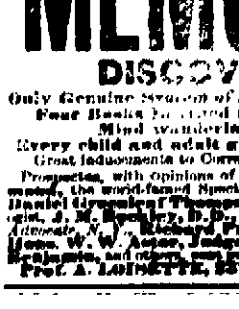

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Cures in 1 TO 5 DAYS. Guaranteed not to cause Stricture.

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CURE Weakness of Body and Mind; Effects of Errors or Excesses in Old or Young.

Robust, Noble MANHOOD fully Restored. How to Enlarge and Strengthen WEAK, UNDEVELOPED ORGANS & PARTS of BODY. Absolutely unfailing HOME TREATMENT—Benefits in a day. Men testify from 47 States, Territories, and Foreign Countries. You can write them. Book, full explanation, and proofs mailed (sealed) free. Address ERIE MEDICAL CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

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Pullman Palace Sleeping Coaches, Pullman Buffet Sleeping Coaches, Pullman Hotel Coaches, Parlor Cars and Elegant Day Coaches.

TIME TABLE ADOPTED Dec. 2, 1888.

Central Time, 28 minutes slower than Columbus Time.

Trains depart from Marion, O., as follows

WESTWARD.	DEPART.
No. 7, daily except Sunday	10 50 a.m.
No. 5, daily	2:55 p.m.
No. 47, Way, daily except Sunday	8 20 a.m.
No. 3, daily	11.05 p.m.

EASTWARD.	DEPART.
No. 12, daily	5:20 a.m.
No. 6, daily except Sunday	12.05 p.m.
No. 88 daily except Sunday	2:20 p.m.
No. 8, daily	10:45 p.m.

Pullman Palace Coaches on all through trains.

E. B. THOMAS, Second Vice President.
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W. C. RINERSON, A. G. P. A., Cleveland.
W. W. DUNNAVANT, Div. Pas. Ag't, Warren, O.

CHICAGO & ATLANTIC

RAILWAY

With its Pullman Built Equipment, Substantially Constructed Roadway and Low Rates of Fare, Insures a Safe, Speedy and Economical Journey to All Points East and West. Write to your nearest railway agent for the

Attractive Low Rates

Via this line.

TIME TABLE, Taking Effect Dec. 2, 1888.

EASTWARD.	No. 8.	No. 10.	No. 12.	No. 16.
Lv. Chicago	2.25‡	8.45§	8.10‡	5.35‡
" Archer Avenue	2.35	8.55	8.20	5.45
" Englewood	2.55	9.15	8.40	6.05
" Hammond	3.25	9.45	9.15	6.40
" Crown Point	.....	10.19	9.42	7.25
" Kouts	.....	11.01		8.23
" North Judson	.....	11.31	*10.55	9.00
" Rochester	5.40	12.25‡	11.50	
" Akron	.....	1.01	*12.10§	
" Newton	6.16	1.25	12.37	No. 18
" Bolivar	.....	1.28	.....	
" Huntington	6.55	2.25	1.15	6.00§
" Kingsland	.....	3.05	.....	*6.30
" Decatur	7.45	3.33	2.12	7.25
" Enterprise	.....	4.10	2.40	8.00
" Spencerville	.....	4.44	3.06	8.30
" Lima	8.55	5.12	3.28	9.45
" Preston	.....	5.45	.....	*10.20
" Kenton	9.43	6.16	4.15	10.55
Ar. Marion	10.30	7.15	5.00	12.01‡
" New York	11.07	—	7.57	
" Boston	8.15§		12.40‡	

WESTWARD.	No. 1.	No. 3.	No. 5.	No. 17.
Lv. Marion	8.00§	11.20‡	3.15‡	3.20‡
" Kenton	8.50	12.10§	3.55	4.45
" Preston	9.17	.....	.....	*5.25
" Lima	9.45	1.06	4.08	6.15
" Spencerville	10.14	.....	.....	6.55
" Enterprise	10.45	1.50	5.22	7.40
" Decatur	11.20	2.27	5.50	8.40
" Kingsland	11.58	.....	.....	9.25
" Huntington	1.00‡	3.25	6.30	10.30
" Bolivar	1.42			
" Newton	1.45	4.06	7.22	
" Akron	2.14	.....	.....	No. 15
" Rochester	2.38	4.45	8.00	
" North Judson	3.51	.....	.....	6.30§
" Kouts	4.25	.....	.....	7.22
" Crown Point	5.16	.....	.....	8.12
" Hammond	6.05	7.25	10.25	8.50
" Englewood	6.39	7.55	10.55	9.20
" Archer Avenue	7.00	8.15	11.15	9.40
Ar. Chicago	7.10	8.25	11.25	9.50
Lv. New York		8.30‡	5.00	
" Boston		3.00	8.30§	

Nos. 8, 12, 10, 3, 5 and 15 daily. Where time is not shown trains do not stop. Nos. 17 and 18 daily except Sunday. * stop on signal. ‡ p.m. § a.m.

F. C. DONALD, Gen'l Pass. Agt., Chicago.
T. W. BURROWS, Superintendent, Chicago.

Columbus, Hocking Valley and Toledo R'y

TIME CARD.

Taking Effect Nov. 25th, 1888.

[Central Time.]

NORTH BOUND.

River Division.	No. 3, daily except Sunday.	No. 7, mixed, daily except Sun
Leave Pomeroy	3.30 p m	5.00 a m
" Gallipolis	4.24 p m	6.45 a m
" McArthur Junct.	5.56 p m	9.40 p m
Hocking Valley Division.	**No. 1, daily**	**No. 3, daily**
Leave Athens	7.00 a m	6.05 p m
" Logan	8.15 a m	7.20 p m
" Lancaster	8.58 a m	8.08 p m
Arrive Columbus	10.15 a m	9.25 p m
Toledo Division.	**No. 1, daily**	**No. 3, daily**
Leave Columbus	4.00 p m	7.00 a m
" Delaware	4.55 p m	7.53 a m
" Prospect	5.20 p m	8.17 a m
" MARION	5.41 p m	8.37 a m
" Upper Sandusky	6.35 p m	9.15 a m
" Carey	6.55 p m	9.35 a m
" Fostoria	7.25 p m	10.05 a m
Arrive Toledo	8.40 p m	11.25 a m

SOUTH BOUND.

Toledo Division.	No. 2, daily	No. 4, daily
Leave Toledo	7.00 a m	§5.30 p m
" Fostoria	8.23 a m	6.53 p m
" Carey	8.55 a m	7.24 p m
" Upper Sandusky	9.15 a m	8.00 p m
" MARION	9.53 a m	8.40 p m
" Prospect	10.13 a m	9.00 p m
" Delaware	10.37 a m	9.24 p m
Arrive Columbus	11.30 a m	10.20 p m
Hocking Valley Division.	**No. 4, daily**	**No. 2, daily**
Leave Columbus	8.00 a m	4.00 p m
" Lancaster	9.18 a m	5.32 p m
" Logan	10.08 a m	6.20 p m
Arrive Athens	11.15 a m	7.30 p m
River Division.	**No. 4, daily except Sunday.**	**No. 10, mixed, daily except Sun**
Leave McArthur Junct.	12.08 p m	8.00 a m
" Gallipolis	1.41 p m	11.41 p m
Arrive Pomeroy	2.33 p m	1.15 a m

NOTE ON RUNNING OF TRAINS.

Direct connections made in Union Depot at Columbus for Newark, Zanesville, Pittsburg, Wheeling, Baltimore, Washington and Philadelphia, also for Dayton, Cincinnati, Louisville and all points South and Southwest.

☞Close connections at Toledo for Detroit and all points in Michigan and Canada.

H. J. FALKENBACH, General Passenger and Ticket Agent, Columbus, Ohio

G. R. CARR, General Supt.

THIS PAPER may be found on file at Geo. P. Rowell & Co's Newspaper Advertising Bureau (10 Spruce St.), where advertising contracts may be made for it in NEW YORK.

NEW QUARTERS.

I am fairly fixed now in Conrad's block. The stock is in shape, and the customers who will favor me will find that they will get

MORE THAN VALUE

For their money. I must do something to bring them to this store and the best way will be to give them full value and a little more for what they lay out. I shall

NEVER MOVE THESE GOODS

Back in the new building next fall; they must and will be sold. If nothing else will do I'll slaughter them right here. You will find a full line of Clothing, Hats and Caps and Furnishing Goods.

SAM OPPENHEIMER,

Conrad's Block, North Main Street, Marion.

LAMPS!

$1.00 Will buy an excellent lamp. We have much the largest assortment of lamps in Marion, and have just received some beauties that we are offering at $1.00, and many a time you have paid $1.50 and $2.00 for lamps that will not equal them.

HANGING LAMPS

From $2.00 to $20.00.

Queensware and Glassware

at sacrifice prices, at

SANFORDS'.

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☞ PRICES FURNISHED ON APPLICATION.

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10 CENTS A ROLL

—AT—

WIANT'S.

FOR RENT.—Three rooms on the second floor of the McWilliams block, opposite Hotel Marion, new and fitted in excellent style. Inquire of D. McWilliams. 101tf

FOR RENT OR SALE.—Good house, barn and two acres of land, on north East street. SCOFIELD & SCOFIELD. 124w1

WANTED.—A good girl to do general housework. Inquire of Mrs. J. J. Hane, on east Center street. 121-tf

WANTED.—To buy an atlas of Marion county. H. T. VANFLEET.

STAR OFFICE TELEPHONE NUMBER 51.

—Charley Criswell was at Mt. Gilead today, circulating among his many friends at that place.

CHASE & HUNTER

TO TRADE OR SELL.—$16,000.—We might entertain a proposition to trade the G. H. Wright brick mansion and 8 acres on the property lately owned by J. C. Johnston, Esq., on east Center St. Come at us once.

FOR SALE.—A nice lot on west Center street, near School building; price, $1600.

FOR SALE, or will trade for farm—House and lot on Garden street; price, $3500.

—Buy your bread at Rupp's.

—J. W. Hinds & Co. for wall paper.

—Mrs. S. D. Bates is afflicted with dropsy.

—Gus Williams will be here on the 15th. Secure your seats early.

—You can get maple syrup that is maple syrup at Bauer's grocery. 120-t

—Mrs. W. T. Owen is suffering from an attack of catarrhal influenza.

—Latest style veilings, ruches and gauze trimmings, at Fenton & Garwood's.

—Buy your wall paper at Hinds & Co.'s opposite the court house on Center street.

—Arthur Wise, of LaRue, was the guest of friends and relatives in this city, Tuesday.

—Madame Ruppert's complextion specialties. Ask for them at Fenton & Garwood's.

—E. E. Bush's little son, Edson, is quite sick with lung trouble, at their home on Grand avenue.

—G. B. Christian and John Evans, the lime kings, were at Columbus today, transacting business.

—Ice cream and home-made candies every day and every evening, at M. F. Meiley & Son's, opposite STAR office.

—Mrs. John Diebold is building a fine veranda to her house occupied by T. H. Beale and family, on south East street.

—George Kling is making quite an improvement in the appearance of his residence, by the building of a very beautiful veranda.

—Invitations are out for the Boiler Makers' Ball, to be given on the 23d inst. Prof. Riley Bangs and his famous orchestra from Mansfield will be present.

—Lewis Uhl has accepted a position in the Huber works.

—Materials for the new style fancy art work, at Fenton & Garwood's.

—Miss Addie Barker is reported quite sick at her home on north East street.

—Don't fail to hear the musical prodigy, Blind Tom, at Music Hall, Friday night.

—Mrs. Abram Myers, on north East street, is suffering from stomach trouble.

—Madame Ruppert's complextion specialties. Ask for them at Fenton & Garwood's. [wed fri]

—Miss Eva Yake has returned home from Hagerstown, Md., where she has been attending school.

—Obstructed sidewalks are the penalty of new buildings, and there should not be excessive complaint.

—Miss Laura Bowen is at Cleveland attending a meeting of the Daughters of Rebecca, as a delegate.

—Secure seats for the Blind Tom entertainment. This will be Marion's only opportunity of hearing him.

—Will Harberson returned home Tuesday from Ontario where he has been working nights for a short time.

—The Council meets tonight for reorganization and confirmation of the Mayor's appointments, at City Hall.

—Mrs. D. H. Earnest and daughter left today to make a visit among friends in their former home at Delaware.

—Frank Haley, of Adelaide, was in the city a short time today, and left for Lebanon where he is attending school.

—S. D. Berringer is at Spencerville and adjoining towns, on business in the interests of the Marion Manufacturing company.

—H. B. Green, of Findlay, was in the city Tuesday, shaking hands with his brother Elks, and many friends on our streets.

—A new stairway is being built leading to the rooms over Rapp's harness shop, which adds some to the appearance of the building.

—Dr. Will Haley, of Adelaide, was in the city a short time today, and left for Chicago, where he has accepted a position as physician in a hospital.

—R. A. Wells, superintendent of the Wells-Fargo Express company, of Chicago, and T. M. DeWitt, division superintendent, of Cleveland, were in the city Tuesday, on on business.

—The officers of the Ninth regiment, U. R. K. of P., will meet in this city Thursday, April 18th. The meeting of the officers will determine the place and time of holding the first regimental meeting.

—Workmen are busy grading and leveling the yard about the new Fourth ward school building. When this is completed the site will be one of the finest of any of the public school buildings in the city.

—One of Marion's best known ministers seems to be in demand at another point. Two gentlemen were in the city a couple days this week endeavoring to secure his ministerial services at a southern point.

—Prospect Monitor: George W. Cook bought the Glass property, on Water street, last Saturday at sheriff's sale, paying $1,505 for it. This is one of the finest brick residences in Prospect, and George has got a bargain.

—The east South street improvement is progressing very rapidly. The residents are lowering the sidewalks and grading their yards according to the survey recently made. Such a change is being make that when the work is completed it will be one of the finest streets in the city.

—The following Presbyterians left Tuesday morning for Marysville to attend the spring meeting of the Marion Presbytery: The pastor Rev. W. E. Thomas, Elder S. E. DeWolfe, Mrs. R. H. Johnson, Mrs. J. F. McNeal, Mrs. John Kishler, Mrs. Dr. Thomas, Mrs. S. E. Barlow and Miss Helen Vose.

W. H. Lewis met with a serious accident Monday afternoon while engaged at work building a flue in George McCurdy's new house. When the flue was nearly completed, it fell through, causing him to fall some distance to the floor. He suffered several bruises and cuts from which he has been confined to his home.

WEATHER INDICATIONS.

Fair weather, followed by light rain, slightly warmer, stationary temperature, variable winds, becoming easterly.

RUGS

—AND—

ART SQUARES!

AN ENTIRE NEW LINE!

Smyrna Rugs, all sizes,
Elegant Wilton Rugs,
Genuine Ponjaubs.

CURTAINS

—IN—

Endless Variety.

WARNER & EDWARDS.

CARPETS!

The Finest Styles,
The Choice Colorings,
The Lowest Prices.

A cordial invitation is exlendep to everyone to look at the new Carpets and Prices.

WARNER & EDWARDS.

BOWERS'
BOOT & SHOE HOUSE,

Cor. Main and Center Streets.

New arrival of men's fine shoes, $3, $3.50, $4, $4.50: hand-sewed, plain toes and tips, elegant styles and cheap. Stop and see them. BOWERS.

IN NEW QUARTERS!

J. W. HINDS & CO.

Are now located in the newly and handsomely refitted Behner room, on Center street, opposite Court House. In addition to their immense stock of

DRUGS!

They are making a specialty of

Wall Paper!

—AND—

Picture Frames

At inviting prices. Call at the new location.

—John W. Burton and Miss Rosa Steadman were married at the court house today by Rev. R. Wallace.

—Mrs. Lucy Thompson, an old lady, aged 85 years, residing at the home of Samuel Harberson, on north East street, met with a serious accident last Sunday morning. While emptying a pail of water she slipped and fell, breaking one of the smaller bones in her right leg.

—The drawing took place at Claude Walters' billiard parlor Tuesday evening. R. Norris was the fortunate holder of the ticket 147, which drew the prize, an elegant silver watch, Elgin movement. The next prize which will be offered will be a fine meerschaum smoking set.

—The alley way running between the Titus House and Bee Line depot and crossing the railroad tracks is one of the most dangerous and least guarded thourough-fares in the city. At this point may be seen daily exhibitions of genuine carelessness and narrow escapes from being run down by railway trains. Although sufficient warning has been given persons crossing daily at this point, they still continue to risk life and property by crossing ahead of trains.

—It is said that a couple of clerks employed at Marion Junction are making arrangements for something, which will not only be quite a treat for the sporting fraternity of the city, but will, if the scheme proves a success, be a decided benefit in the way of improvement. It is nothing more or less than a fight to a finish between a couple of game cocks, trained for the contest by their own hands. The fight is to take place on the fair grounds, and the proceeds go for the purpose of a new opera house.

—Prospect Monitor: The candy wagon of John F. Lust, of Marion, was in Prospect on Monday on its first spring trip. The wagon has been repainted and looks like new and was drawn by a fine team of large, gray horses, this being the first time they were ever hitched together, and with new harness, the entire outfit presented a very handsome appearance. The wagon was in charge of Messrs. Dud Morrill and William Byers. The former looked after and supplied the wants of their prospect customers, while the latter took care of the team. We learn that Mr. Lust has a very nice trade with our confectionary merchants.

—Two young boys playing with matches set fire to the grass near a dwelling on south East street Wednesday, three different times. The flames were extinguished successfully with a bucket the first two times but the third came near proving quite serious. But for the timely arrival of two men passing by a great amount of damage might have been the consequence by the burning of several houses and barns in the vicinity, as it was the men had a hard tussle for awhile. Parents should be more careful to keep matches away from Children especially during this dry season and in a place where the facilities for extinguishing fires are so meager.

Selling Out.

Sheriff Kelly began closing out the stock of M. A. Turney today at private sale. The stock must be disposed of, so parties wishing anything in the watch, clock or jewelry line at low prices, will not miss this opportunity. Call and get the choice stock before the auction begins, for the sale must be hurried.

H. M. AULT,

FIRE

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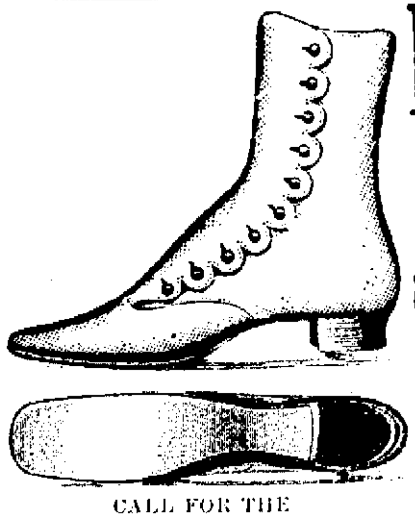

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